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INVESTIGATION OF AERODYNAMIC BURNER NOISE OF LOCAL BAKARIES

BY

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$\frac{c}{20.7}$

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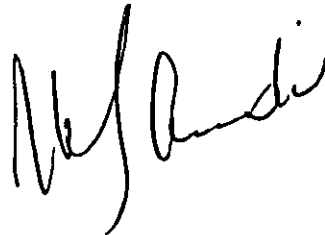
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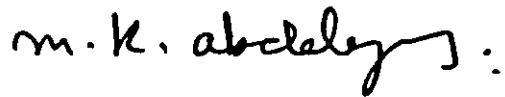
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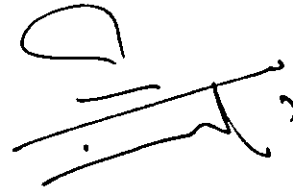
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*To my mother, Rahmeh and
the soul of my father, Ali*

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ABSTRACT

The sound field of four identical parallel micro-jets, each of 1 mm throat diameter is investigated. Experimental results on sound generation of a single jet, show that the magnitude of the sound pressure level is independent of the frequency of the source sound, with peak intensity lies at an angle of 36° with the jet axis. Results of four parallel jets sound field shows that the four jet arrangement, indicates a similar behaviour to the single jet case, excluding the region at the jet axis. Overall sound pressure level results confirm previous conclusion regarding the peak value.

The power watt level results of a single jet is shown to be independent of the sound source frequency, also it was found that the estimated total spectral acoustic power of a single jet is independent of the choice of the strip area.

The experimentally correlated overall sound power level with jet velocity shows that for choked jets, this power level depends on the fourth power of the jet velocity.

Comparison between results of this research and other experiments conducted on subsonic jets, shows that the choked jet directivity pattern exhibits a more peaked sound levels relative to subsonic jets.

$\rho,$	Fluid density;
$\gamma,$	Specific heat ratio;
$\theta,$	Angle from the jet axis;
$\lambda,$	Wave length;
$\phi,$	Angle defined by eq.(4.1);

Subscripts

$o,$	Down Stream (ambient conditions);
$rms,$	Root Mean Square;
$i,$	Segment number;
$st.,$	Standard Conditions;
$cor.,$	Corrected Value;
$ref.,$	Reference Value;
$h,$	Hemispherical;

Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 General

In recent decades noise has become one of the major environmental problems in the industrialized countries. It affects not only health by causing loss of hearing, but it is a well known source of stress and annoyance to people. In addition, it causes property loss such as damaging structures by fatigue resulting from repeated stresses, and it peels paint and cracks wall plaster among other damaging effects.

At the beginning of the seventies concern was drawn to noise as a major environmental problem by many activities which have focused on various aspects regarding industrial and community noise. These activities include conferences, seminars and workshops. Furthermore, universities started teaching courses on industrial and environmental noise, and many research projects were initiated on jet noise when there was interest in supersonic civilian air transport.

In Jordan, the environment has recently become a major concern to the government and community. Traffic noise and noise in factories among other industrial entities are of concern in Jordan. In addition, the noise of jet burners used in local bakeries has its own role in noise generation. So, the present research is the first step in focusing attention to

such as jet flows where flow and flow gradient are inherently present.

Schaffar [8] has studied experimentally the emitted noise spectrum of a cold jet at a Mach number of 0.9 with Strouhal number values below 0.5, which lead him to identify essentially the "shear noise" type. While Ahuja [9] produced empirical relations to correlate and predict accurately the noise of cold and clean jet against doppler corrected Strouhal number. He has [10] taken measurements of subsonic jet noise produced by a model jet rig in an anechoic chamber. The noise spectra for three nozzles having diameters of 2.84, 2.4 and 1.5 *inches* were considered. Tana [11] studied experimentally spectral and directivity patterns of turbulent mixing noise in the far field from subsonic and fully-expanded supersonic jet flows. He presented the effect of jet temperature and exit velocity on the overall sound intensity of the jet. Shocked jets are investigated extensively by his research [12], where results are compared directly with the corresponding results from shock-free jets. Moon and Zelazny [13] have studied a circular jet exhausting into an ambient environment. Detailed turbulence profiles were measured at 28 axial locations extended from the nozzle exit to 12 nozzle diameters. A noise model was obtained which predicts accurately spectral distribution and directivity pattern in terms of self and shear noise components. Also MacGregor *et al* [14] studied experimentally jet noise spectra and narrow band directivities at jet Mach numbers of 0.5 and 0.9. Comparison between such results and the theory is included, where experimentally determined correction for refraction with theoretically dedicated correction for convection are obtained. Long and Arndt [15] by studying jet noise at low Reynolds number, concluded that the spectral properties of the jet noise change significantly and the relative acoustic power is found to be lower when the Reynolds number is below 10^5 . Yamamoto and Arndt [16] studied the

effect of Reynolds number on the peak Strouhal frequency of a subsonic jet, stating that although peak Strouhal frequency is a weak function of Reynolds, at higher Reynolds numbers the peak Strouhal number increases with increasing emission angle.

Bechert *et al* [17] have conducted experiments on the superposition of a subsonic turbulent jet flow and pure tone sound coming from inside the nozzle. They made comparisons between the radiated sound power in the far field and the transmitted sound power from the nozzle. Parthasarathy *et al* [18] studied a method of identification and measurement of core noise and jet noise separately based on cross-correlation of signals from microphones located at widely separated angles in the far field of the jet. Michel and Fuchs [19] considered the far field condition itself, where the jet was modeled by a distribution of 160 discrete, fixed point sources. It was found that while the geometric near-field effect depends on Strouhal number, the interference near-field effect depends strongly on Mach number in addition to Strouhal number.

Heated and unheated jets are studied numerically by Maesrello and Bayliss [20], where the interaction of an acoustic pulse with the experimentally determined mean flow field of a spreading jet has been simulated. The jet itself is shown as an amplifier of sound. The difference in the spectra of the heated and unheated jets can be attributed to differences in the stability characteristics of the jet.

Shivashankara and Bhat [21] have studied a suppression mechanism of two -parallel-jet model. Results of their experiments showed that noise from a high-velocity jet is reduced by placing a second jet of lower velocity parallel to it and on the same side as the listener. Jet noise reduction is studied also by Morris *et al* [22], where the effect of introducing a second jet of smaller exit area near to the main jet leads to a refractive

modification in the directivity of noise radiation of the main jet.

It should be noted that the current published experimental and theoretical jet noise research did not consider small jets, those of about 1 mm. Therefore, no theoretical or experimental work was done on micro-jets, such as the four parallel jets of burners used in local bakeries. The current research bridges the available gap in the field of knowledge of jet noise.

The literature review presented in this chapter provided the basic knowledge for undertaking the present work.

1.3 The Radiation Field of Sound Source

The character of the radiation field of a source noise depends on the distance from this source. In the source vicinity an appreciable tangential component of the velocity may exist, because the particle velocity is not necessarily in the direction of wave propagation, hence, the near-field is such a field where appreciable variations of the sound-pressure along a given radius exist. The extent of the near-field depends on the frequency and the source dimension.

Far-field condition occurs when the sound pressure level decreases by 6 dB for each doubling of distance. Within far-fields, the particle velocity is primarily in the direction of the sound wave propagation and the pressure amplitude is inversely proportional to the distance r from the source. The particle velocity will be in phase with pressure at distances large compared with the wave length λ and out of phase in the region r is less than λ [23].

The reverberant field exist when the reflected waves from the surrounding boundaries

are superimposed upon the incident field. Fig(1.1) shows the characteristic difference between near, far, and reverberant fields.

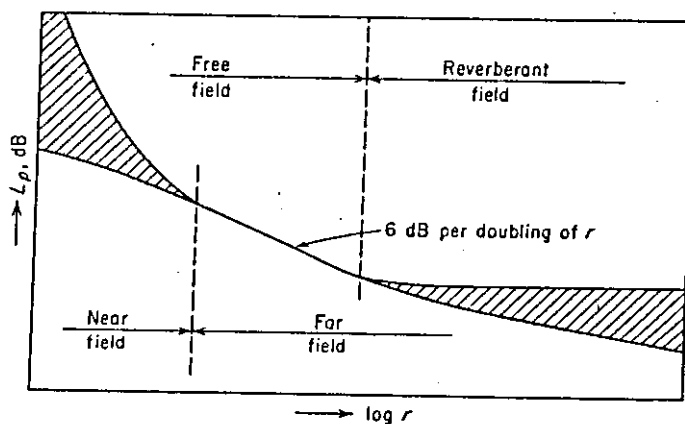


Fig.(1.1) The variation of sound-pressure level with distance from the source.

Chapter 2

TEST RIG AND EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

2.1 Experimental Setup

The test rig shown schematically in fig.(2.1) was used in the experimental investigation of the noise field of a burner used in local bakeries. It is the so called "Arabian-head" burner Fig.(2.2); which is a well-known burner type in common use here. The burner consists of four identical parallel jets issuing from four nozzles each of 1.0 mm base diameter made on the side of 20 mm pipe having a thickness of 2.0 mm. While the front diameter of the nozzle is 6.0 mm. The burner is manufactured locally.

The heat generated from the combustion of the diesel fuel which is injected through the burner, heats the fuel flow in the pipe up until vaporization occurred, and the combustion process of fuel vapor proceeds.

Two galvanized steel tanks 3.0 mm thick with different volumes are used as reservoirs of compressed air. The 0.125 m³ volume tank is required to keep the pressure of the system constant throughout measuring sound pressure levels; while the 0.04m³ volume tank fitted, with a valve, is used to control the pressure of the air in the pipe. The test rig is rigidly supported on the solid ground at the mechanical engineering laboratories. The

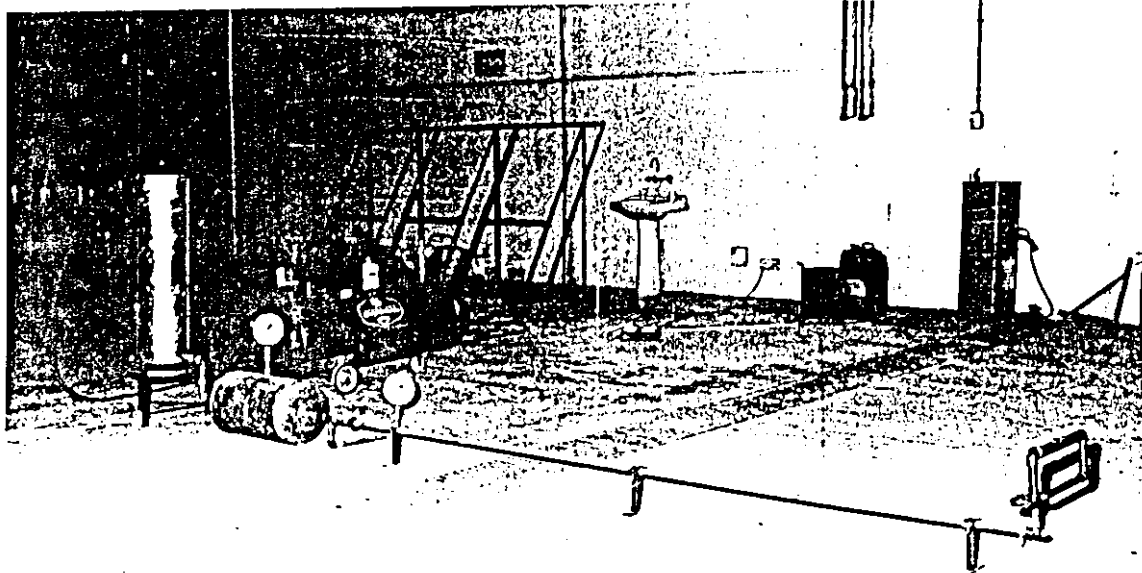
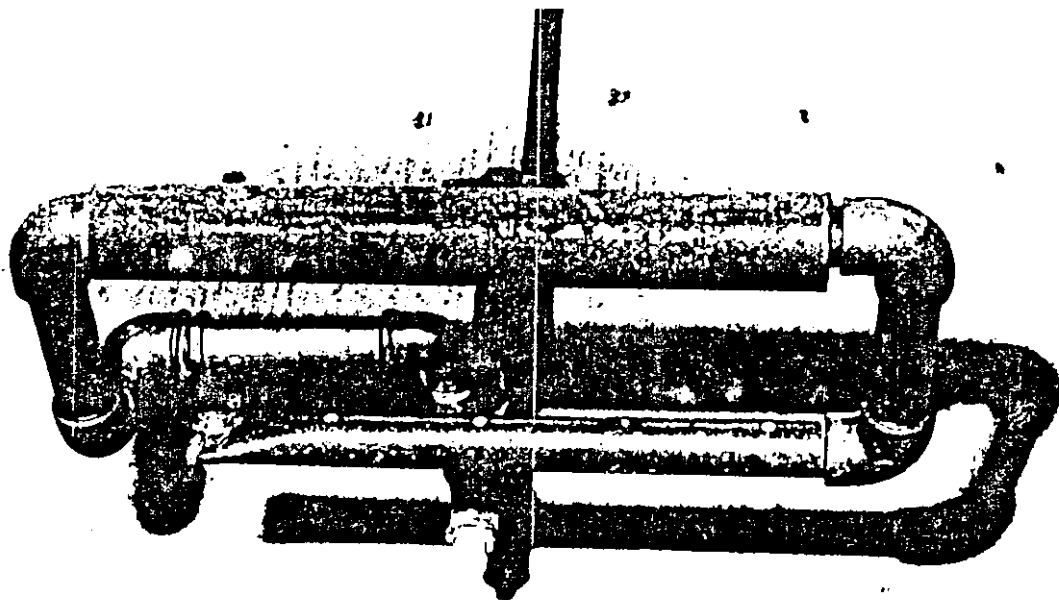


Fig.(2.3) The test rig.



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Fig. (2.4) Jet assembly.

3. $\frac{1}{2}$ inch Condenser Microphone (B&K Type 4165) is fitted with Preamplifier Type (B&K 2619).
4. Band Pass Filter (B&K Type 1618) with 21 third octave filter bands, centre frequencies 2Hz to 20 KHz, digital display of selected centre frequency and band width is provided.
5. Measuring Amplifier (B&K Type 2610) which covers an overall frequency range from 2Hz up to 200 KHz, with hold mode for both peak and RMS measurements.
6. Level Recorder (B&K Type 2307) with calibrated strip-chart paper 50 mm width (B&K Type QP1124) is used to record RMS level as a function of frequency.

2.3 Experimental Procedure

The measuring instruments are connected as shown schematically in fig.(2.6). The tested sound source is applied after a step by step calibration procedure suggested by the operation manual of the Measuring Amplifier is followed.

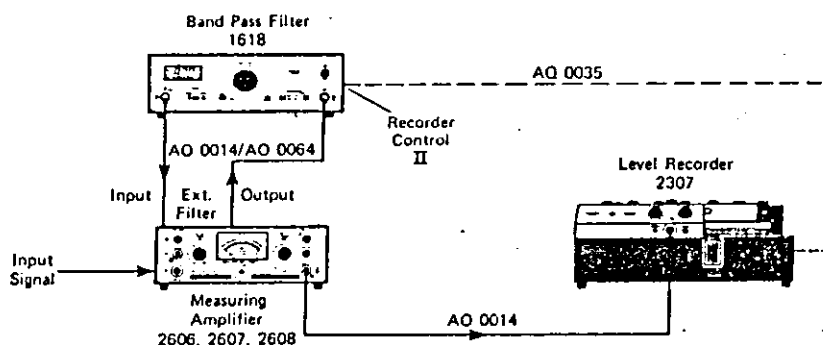


Fig.(2.6) Schematic diagram of the Measuring Instrumentation

2.3.1 Single Jet

Sound pressure level of the tested jet can be measured as the following step by step procedure suggests:

1. The barometric pressure, and the dry and wet bulb temperatures of the ambient air were measured and recorded at the beginning of each test period.
2. After selection of one jet from the existing four, the remaining three jets are properly closed by using screwed clamps. Then the jet under consideration is centered with the circle drawn on the ground.
3. The air compressor pressure is selected to be $5.0 \frac{Kg}{cm^2}$ (490.50 Kpa), and the pressure differential setting is $1.5 \frac{Kg}{cm^2}$ (147.15 Kpa) to ensure compressor switching on if the pressure becomes less than $3.5 \frac{Kg}{cm^2}$ (343.35 Kpa), and switching off when the pressure exceeds $6.5 \frac{Kg}{cm^2}$ (637.65 Kpa).
4. Measuring instruments including Condenser Microphone, Band Pass Filter, Measuring Amplifier and Level Recorder were connected as shown in fig.(2.6) and then calibrated.
5. Environmental noise was then recorded, by selection of a proper deflection of the meter on the Measuring Amplifier, followed by pressing the right-hand FILTER CONTROL MODE switch of the Band Pass Filter to "Run".
6. With the valves 2 and 3 of the test rig being closed, the power of the compressor was set to "On".

7. The Condenser Microphone was placed at the required measuring position at certain height from the ground. Typical height of the seven measuring points are tabulated in table(2.1).
8. The valves 2 and 3 are now opened until the required pressure is reached, then the right-hand FILTER CONTROL MODE switch of the Band Pass Filter is pressed to "Run".

Table (2.1) : Coordinates of The Measuring Points

Station	Angle To jet axis (deg.)	Horizontal coordinate (m)	Microphone height (m)
0	90	2.00	0.32
1	75	1.93	0.84
2	60	1.73	1.32
3	45	1.41	1.74
4	30	1.00	2.06
5	15	0.52	2.26
6	0	0.00	2.32

9. Steps 6 and 7 are repeated for other values of working pressures, to get full scheme sound pressure levels at different working pressures and various measuring positions.
10. Results are deduced from the recorded spectrograms, compared with environmentally generated noise, then tabulated properly.

2.3.2 Four Jets

Experimental procedure regarding four jets investigation is as follows.

1. The screwed clamps used to cover the three jets were removed, then the jet arrangement is centered with the circle drawn on the ground.

2. Steps used for single jet measurements of sound pressure level were followed for the four jets case, resulted with experimental spectrograms.
3. Numerical values of sound pressure levels are deduced from such spectrograms, compared with environmental noise, and finally tabulated.

Chapter 3

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

3.1 Data Reduction

3.1.1 Introduction

A hemispherical space of four meters diameter with the jet as sound source laying at the center of the space is well suited to the case of open air above a rigid floor. The arrangement was used to collect spectral sound pressure levels of a single and four jets under five gauge pressure settings, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0 and 4.5 bar respectively. Each of the measurements at 15° angle increments with the jet axis, resulting in four measuring stations with seven measuring points for each station. One of the experimental spectrograms of a single jet at 2.5 bar is shown in fig.(3.1), while numerical values of sound pressure levels (SPL) produced from such spectrograms are tabulated in appendix A.

Two methods of calculating segmental area required to deduce sound power levels were tested, the first one is by assuming equal area contribution of each of the seven existing experimental stations, while the other is depending on 15° strip area segments, These areas were calculated from the following relationship:

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_i = 2\pi r^2(\sin \phi_2 - \sin \phi_1) \\ \phi_1 = \theta_1 - 7.5 \\ \phi_2 = \theta_1 + 7.5 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.1)$$

where:

A_i : area of segment i , m^2

r : radius of the hemisphere, m

θ_1 : angle from the jet axis in degrees at which the measurement is taken.

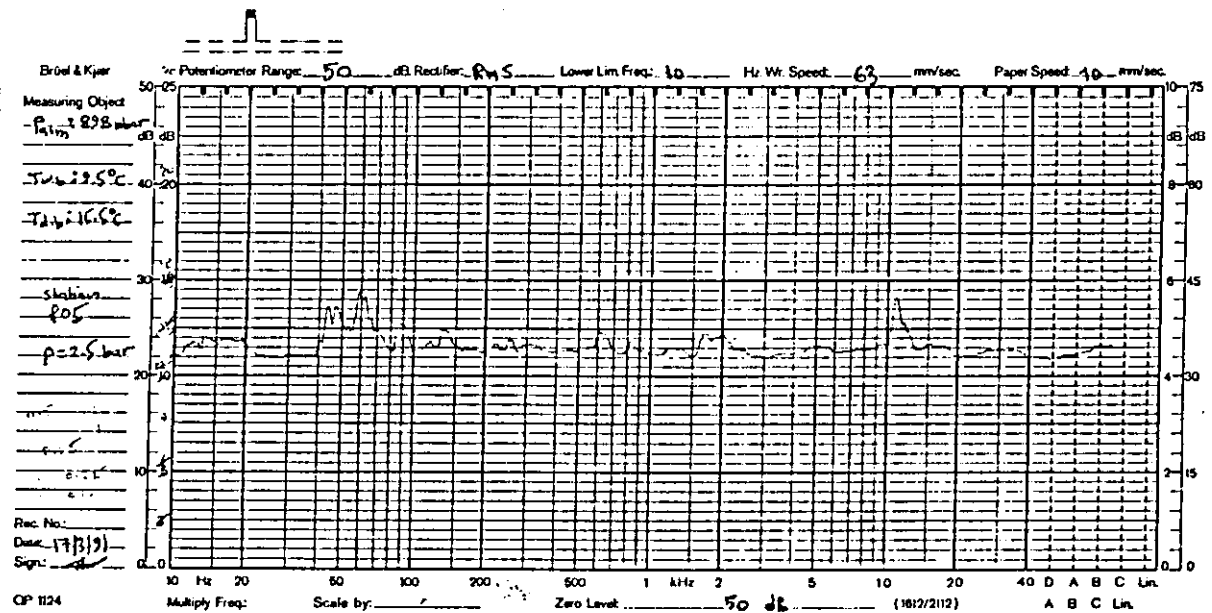


Fig.(3.1) Single jet SPL spectrogram at 2.5 bar

3.1.2 Sound Power level (PWL)

The root mean square pressure can be calculated from the knowledge of sound pressure levels produced from the experimental spectrograms. And directional sound power emitted by the source is determined through out calculating the sound intensity which is given by:

$$I_i = \frac{(p_{rms})^2}{\rho c} \quad (3.2)$$

where:

I_i : directional sound intensity, $\frac{\text{watt}}{\text{m}^2}$

p_{rms} : root mean square sound pressure, $\frac{N}{\text{m}^2}$

ρc : characteristics resistance of the medium at a given temperature and pressure.

The density dependent of the speed of sound in any gas c is given by:

$$c = \sqrt{\frac{\gamma p_s}{\rho}} \quad (3.3)$$

where:

p_s : gas pressure, $\frac{N}{\text{m}^2}$

γ : ratio of specific heat of the gas at constant pressure to the specific heat at constant volume, this ratio is 1.4 for air

ρ : density of the gas obtained from thermodynamic tables.

The density should be corrected to compensate for the difference between experimental conditions including temperature and pressure and standard values, then for air :

$$\rho_{corr} = \frac{p_1}{p_{st}} \frac{T_{st}}{T_1} \rho_{st} \quad (3.4)$$

where:

ρ_{corr} : corrected density, $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$

p_{st} : standard atmospheric pressure, $\frac{N}{\text{m}^2}$

T_{st} : standard temperature, °C

ρ_{st} : air density obtained from tables at p_{st} and T_1

T_1 : measured ambient temperature, °C

p_l : measured atmospheric pressure, $\frac{N}{m^2}$

The root mean square sound pressure is obtained from sound pressure level as suggested by Beranek [24]:

$$p_{rms} = p_{ref} 10^{\left(\frac{SPL}{20}\right)} \quad (3.5)$$

where:

p_{ref} : reference rms sound pressure, usually taken as $2 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N}{m^2}$ for air born sound, this value represents the threshold limit of hearing.

The spectral directional sound power is calculated from:

$$W_i = IA_i = \frac{(p_{rms}^2)}{\rho c} A_i \quad (3.6)$$

where:

A_i : strip area of the required segment, m^2

Now total spectral sound power can be calculated through summing out of all directional sound power components:

$$W = \sum_{i=1}^N W_i \quad (3.7)$$

where:

W : total spectral sound power, watt

N: number of tested directions=7

When the spectral sound power is known, the sound power level (PWL) can be calculated from [24]:

$$PWL = 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{W}{W_{ref}} \right) \quad (3.8)$$

where W_{ref} is the reference sound power taken as 1×10^{-12} watt.

Overall sound power level (OAPWL) is determined by adding spectral sound powers over all frequency bands. Equation(3.8) is used to calculate OAPWL. A similar approach can be used to calculate over all sound pressure level through adding individual spectral sound power overall frequency band, then eqs.(3.6)and (3.5) are used respectively to find p_{rms} , and finally overall sound pressure level can be calculated from [24]:

$$SPL = 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{p_{rms}}{p_{ref}} \right)^2 \quad (3.9)$$

3.1.3 Directivity Index

Most sound source of practical interest are some what directive, which means that one will measure different sound pressure levels in a given frequency band for different directions at a fixed distance from the sound source.

Directivity index is a numerical measure of the directivity of sound sources. For a sound source at an angle θ and for a given frequency , directivity index DI_{θ} is given by:

$$DI_{\theta} = SPL_{\theta} - \overline{SPL}_h + 2.445 \quad (3.10)$$

where

SPL_{θ} :sound pressure level measured at distance r and angle θ from the source,dB.

\overline{SPL}_h : space-average mean-square sound pressure level determined over the test hemisphere.

The 2.445 dB in this equation is added because the measurement was made over a hemispherical space having a surface area of 28.63 m^2 instead of the full measuring sphere surface area 50.24 m^2 . The reason for this is that the intensity at radius r is 1.76 as large if a source radiates into the tested hemisphere compared to a full sphere.

To obtain a space-average mean-square sound pressure, the following procedure was used:

1. Sound pressure level at each microphone position is converted into mean square pressure ratio multiplied by the corresponding segment area.

$$A_i \frac{p_i^2}{p_{ref}^2} = A_i 10^{\left(\frac{SPL_i}{10}\right)} \quad (3.11)$$

where:

A_i : area of the i th test segment, m^2

$\frac{p_i^2}{p_{ref}^2}$: mean square sound pressure ratio of the segment under consideration.

SPL_i : sound pressure level of the tested segment, dB.

2. The $A_i \frac{p_i^2}{p_{ref}^2}$ products are added over all experimental segments, and the result is divided by the total surface area of the test hemisphere, to get $\frac{p_h^2}{p_{ref}^2}$.
3. The resulting sum is converted into space-average sound pressure level by the means of eq.(3.9).

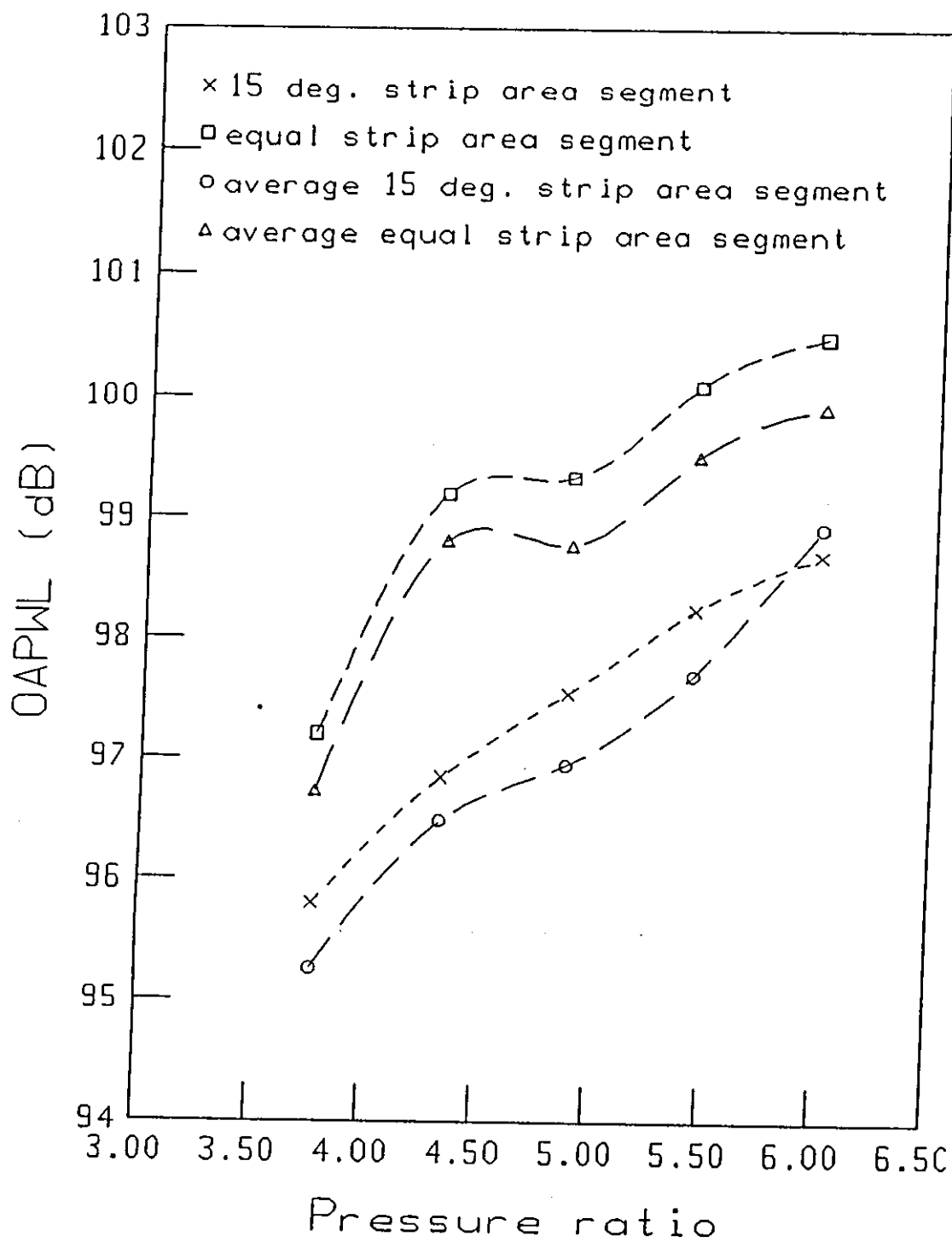


Fig.(3.3): Over-all sound power levels of four parallel jets

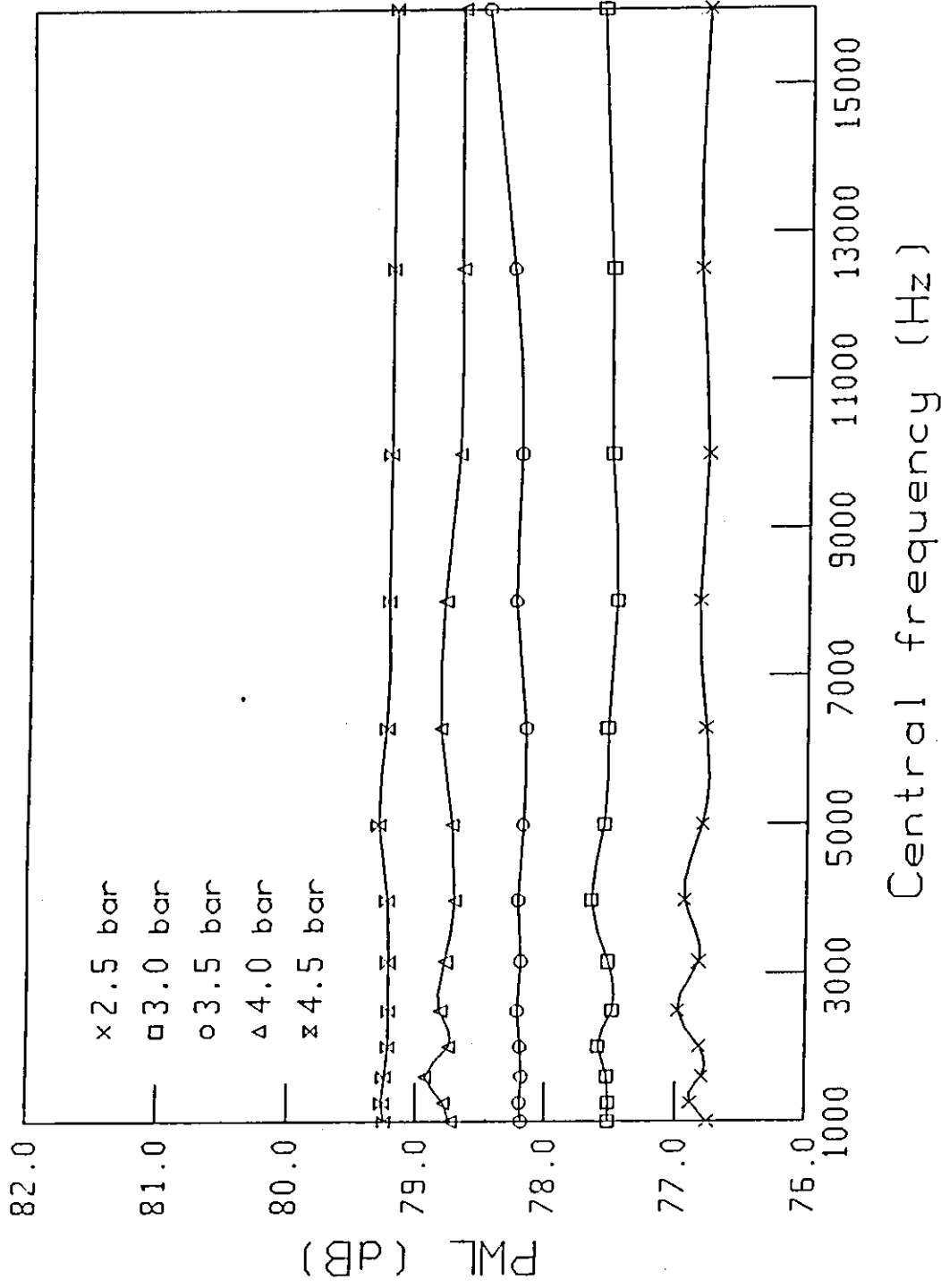


Fig.(3.4-c): Spectral sound power level of a single jet

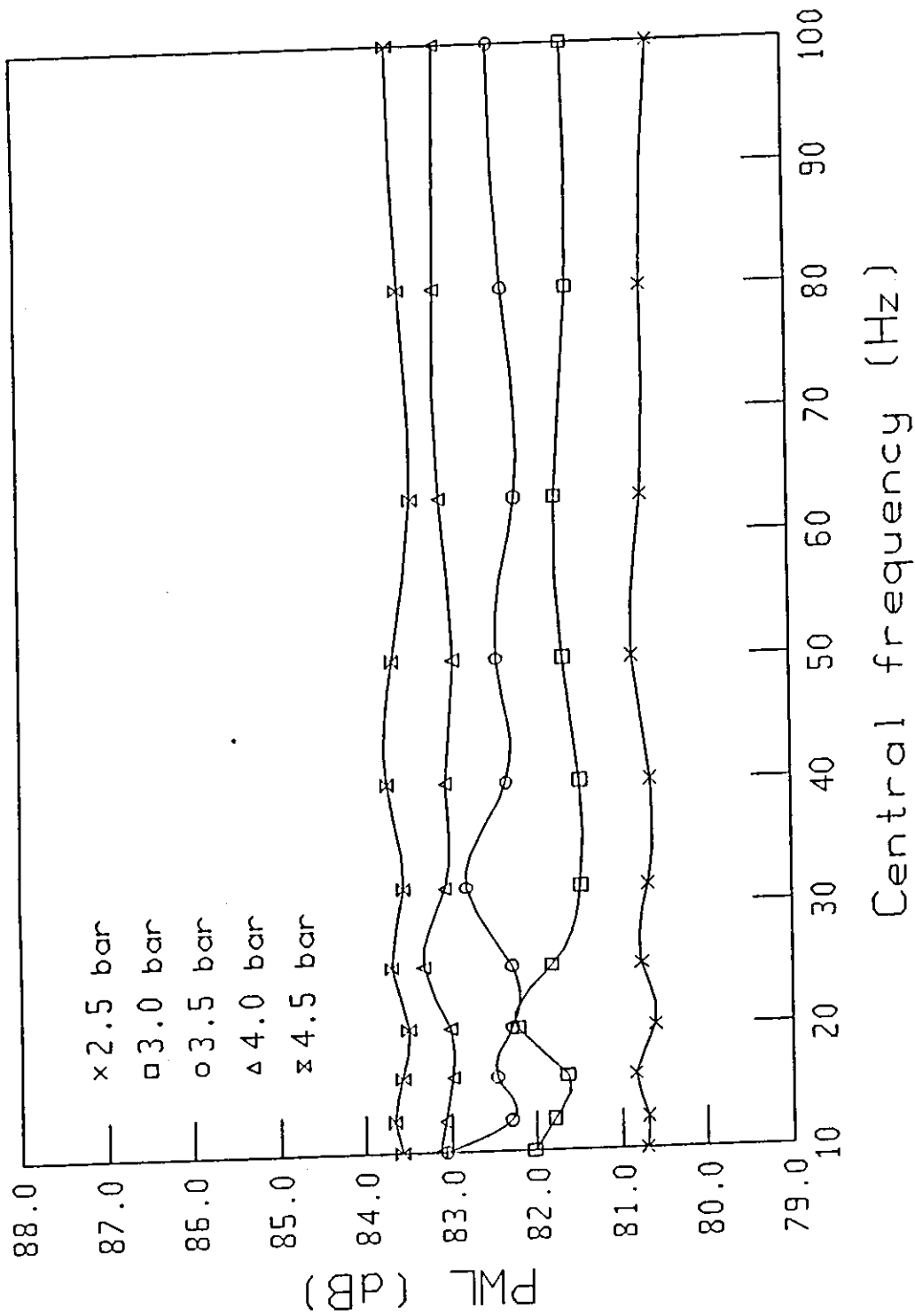


Fig. (3.5-a): Spectral sound power level of four jets

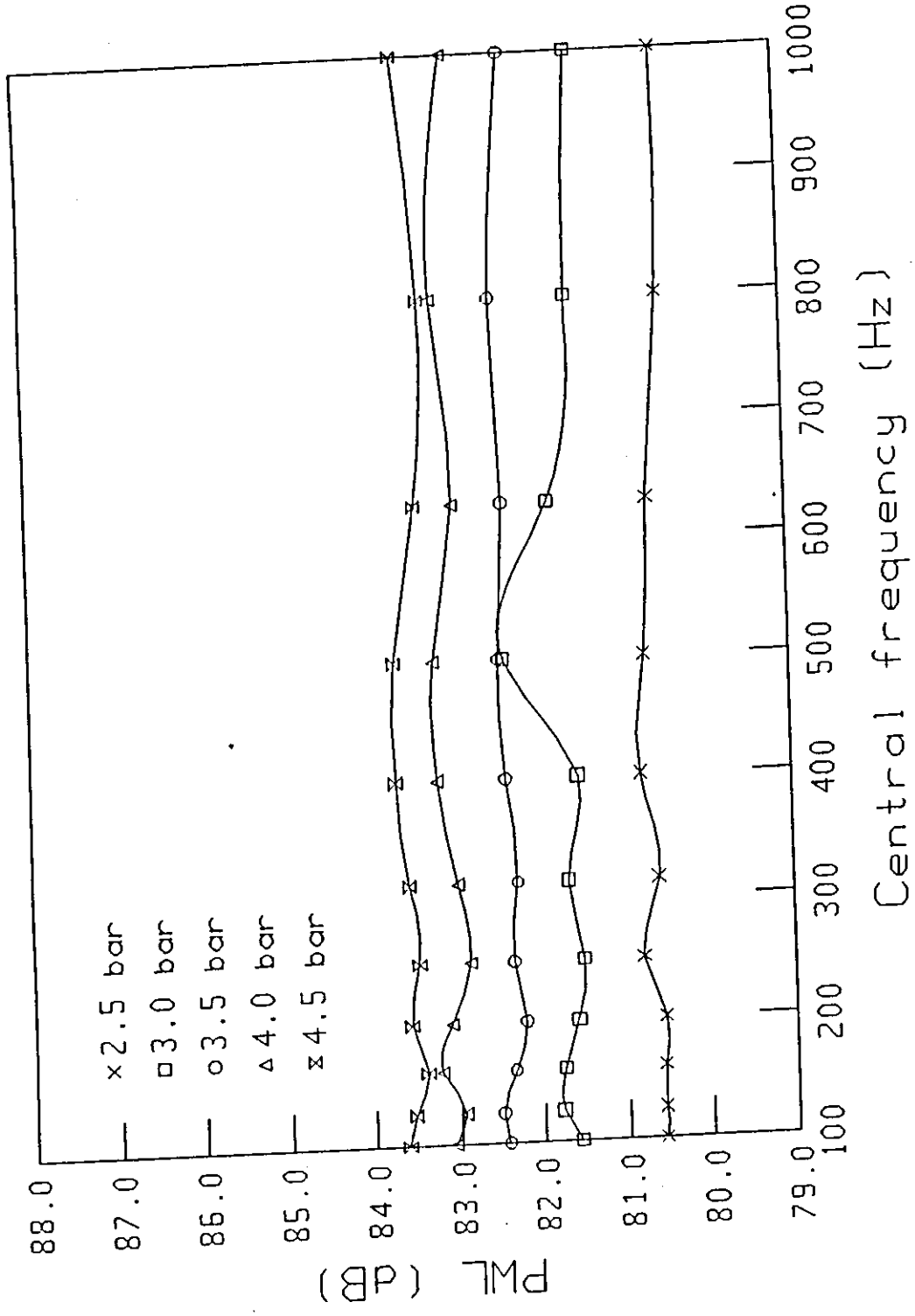


Fig.(3.5-b): Spectral sound power level of four jets

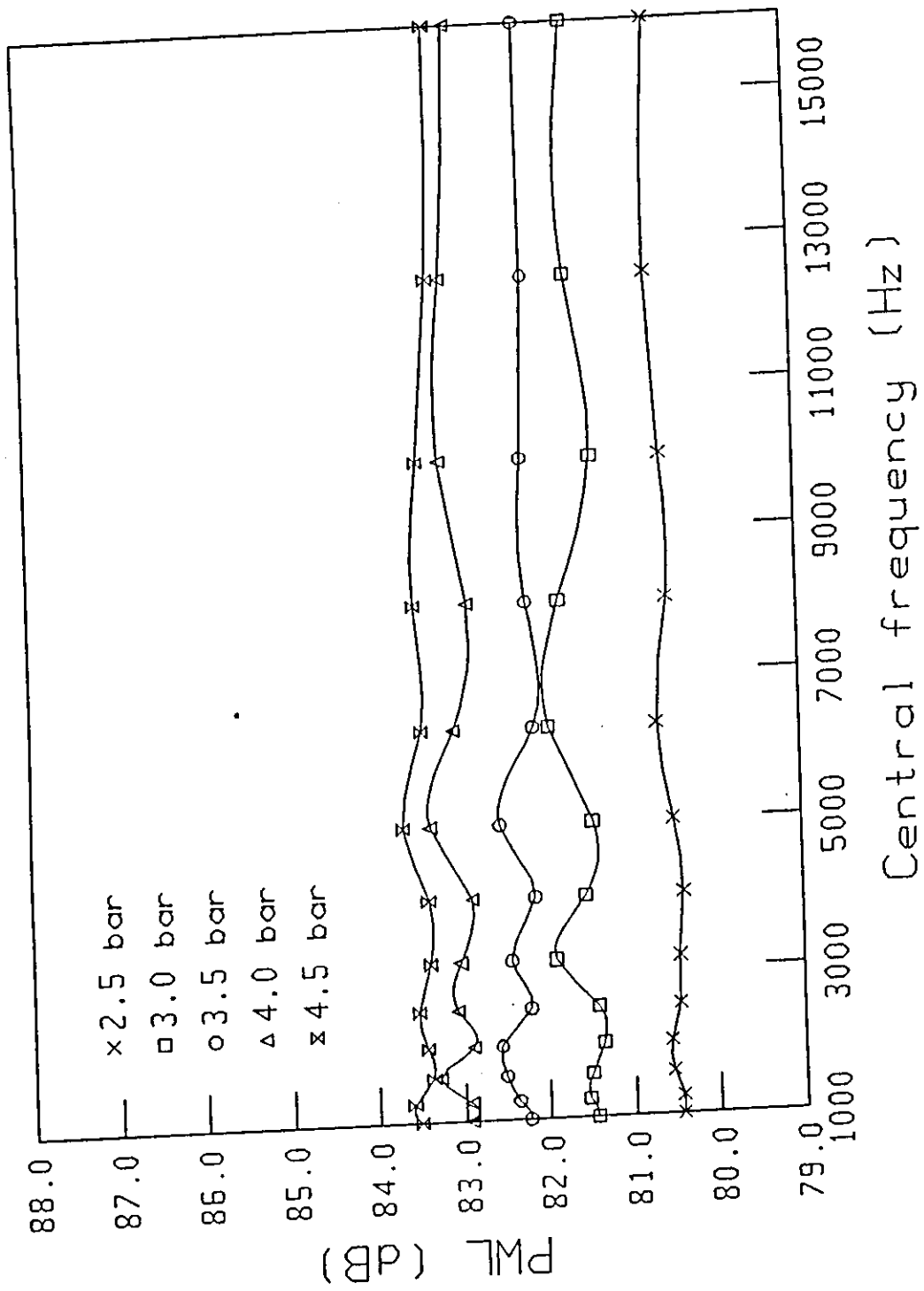


Fig.(3.5-c): Spectral sound power level of four jets

In the present research, and by using linear regression it was found that the sound power watt level for choked conditions can be expressed mathematically by:

$$PWL = 10 \log_{10}(BV_j^n) \quad (3.13)$$

Where B and n are constants having different numerical values, according to the selection of area segment in estimating jet acoustic power. Typical experimentally determined values for B and n are tabulated in table(3.1).

Table (3.1) Typical values of B and n

Condition	B	n
Single jet 15° area segment	11.351	3.012
Single jet equal area segment	21.609	2.906
Four jets 15° area segment	0.604	3.605
Four jets equal area segment	0.234	3.836
Four jets average 15° area segment	1.156	3.498
Four jets average equal area segment	0.796	3.624

Results obtained from figs.(3.6) , (3.7) and table(3.1) show that for choked jets with supersonic speeds this index indicates a lower value near the 4th power, which matches the 4th power conclusion drawn by Crule [26].

3.5 Directivity of Overall Sound Pressure Level

It can be concluded from fig.(3.8) that the maximum sound intensity region lies at an angle of 36° from the jet axis, while a difference of about 2 dB was noticed between maximum intensity at 36° and that at an angle of 90° from the jet axis.

The four jets directivity pattern of over all sound pressure level shown in fig.(3.9) suggested a similar behaviour to the single jet case, excluding the region at the jet axis

where high sound pressure levels caused by intense turbulence occur, leading to high sound intensities.

The directional characteristics of cloaked jet noise will be apparent with some what more peaked than the usual subsonic jets described by Ribner [3], because chock formation occurs outside of the nozzle and a new source of noise appears in addition to the jet noise. Fig.(3.10) with directional characteristics of relative overall sound pressure level gives good agreement with results of subsonic jets. It is shown also that a more peaked pattern than that of subsonic case can be noticed easily.

3.6 Directivity of Spectral Sound Pressure Level

3.6.1 Single Jet

It was found experimentally, figs.(3.11) to fig.(3.19) that the peak value of the sound pressure level (SPL) of a single jet over all frequency bands lies at an angle less than 45° with the jet axis. This is in full agreement with Crule [26] and Heller and Franken [27], who stated that for a gas jet, the maximum noise radiated in the annular region of 30° to 45° from the jet axis. The behaviour indicated in Fig.(3.18) at 3.0 bar is due to superimposed environmental noise on the measured sound level.

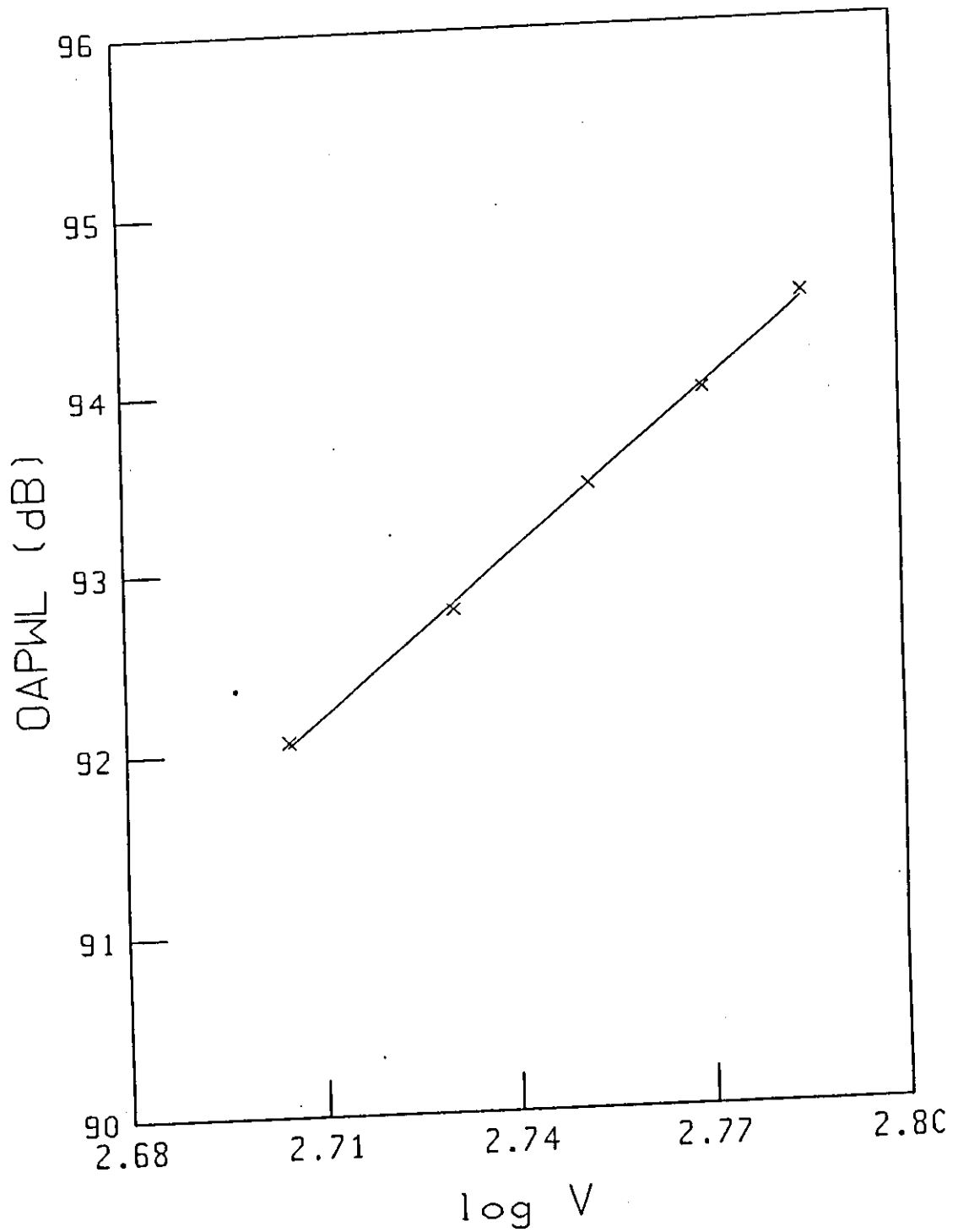
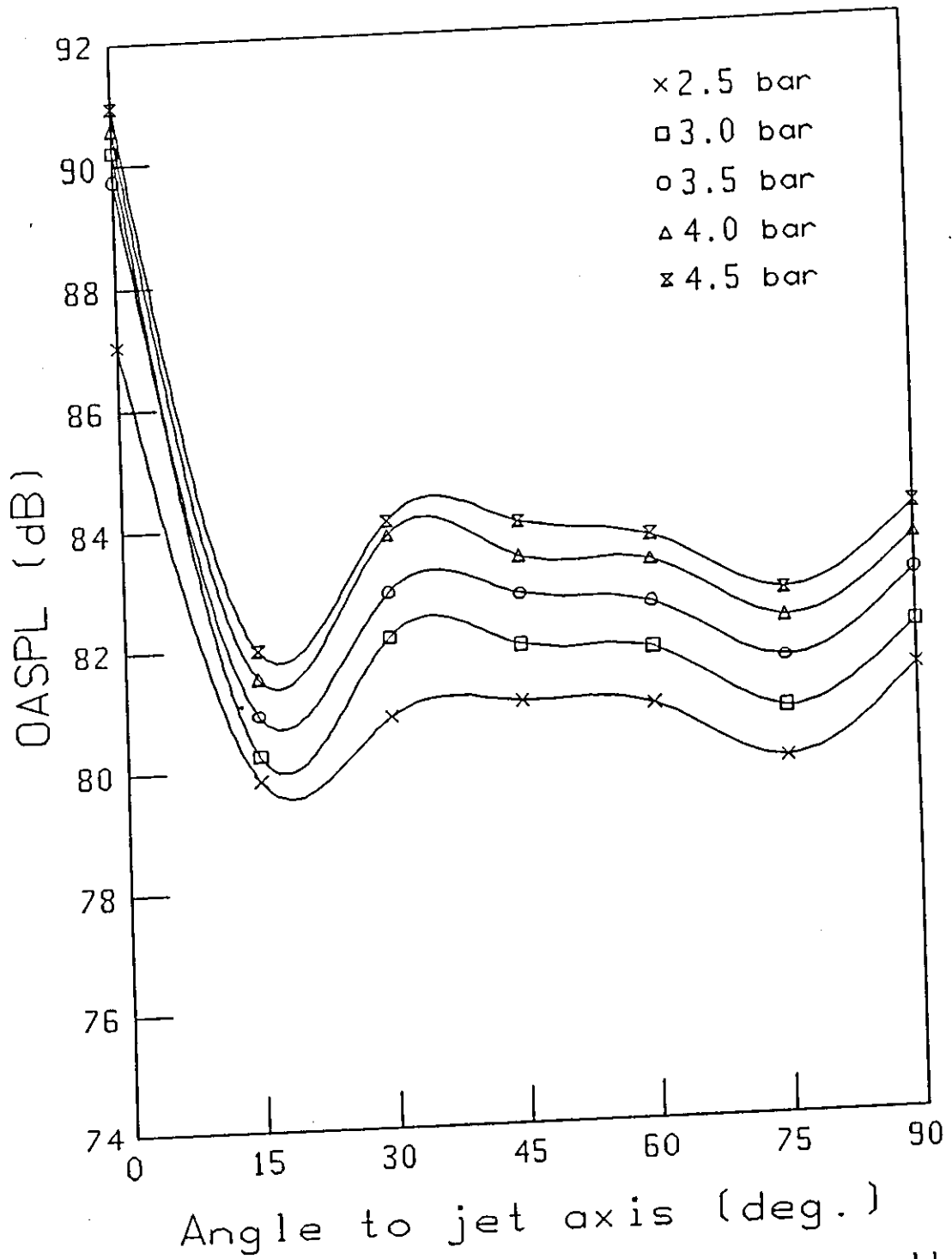


Fig.(3.6): Velocity dependence of over-all sound power level of a single jet



Angle to jet axis (deg.)
Fig.(3.9): Directivity pattern of over-all sound pressure level of four jets

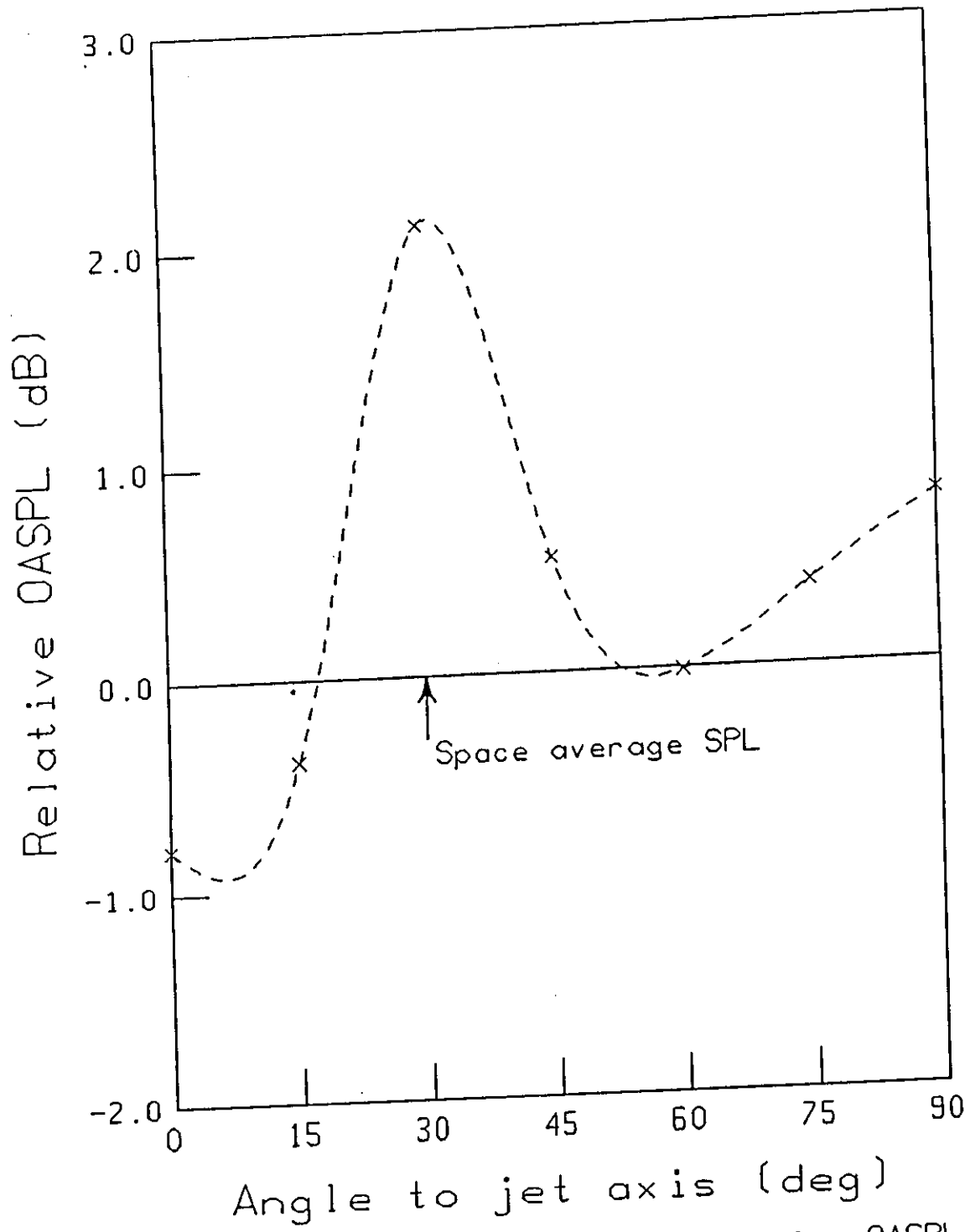


Fig.(3.10-a): Directivity of relative OASPL of a single jet at 2.5 bar

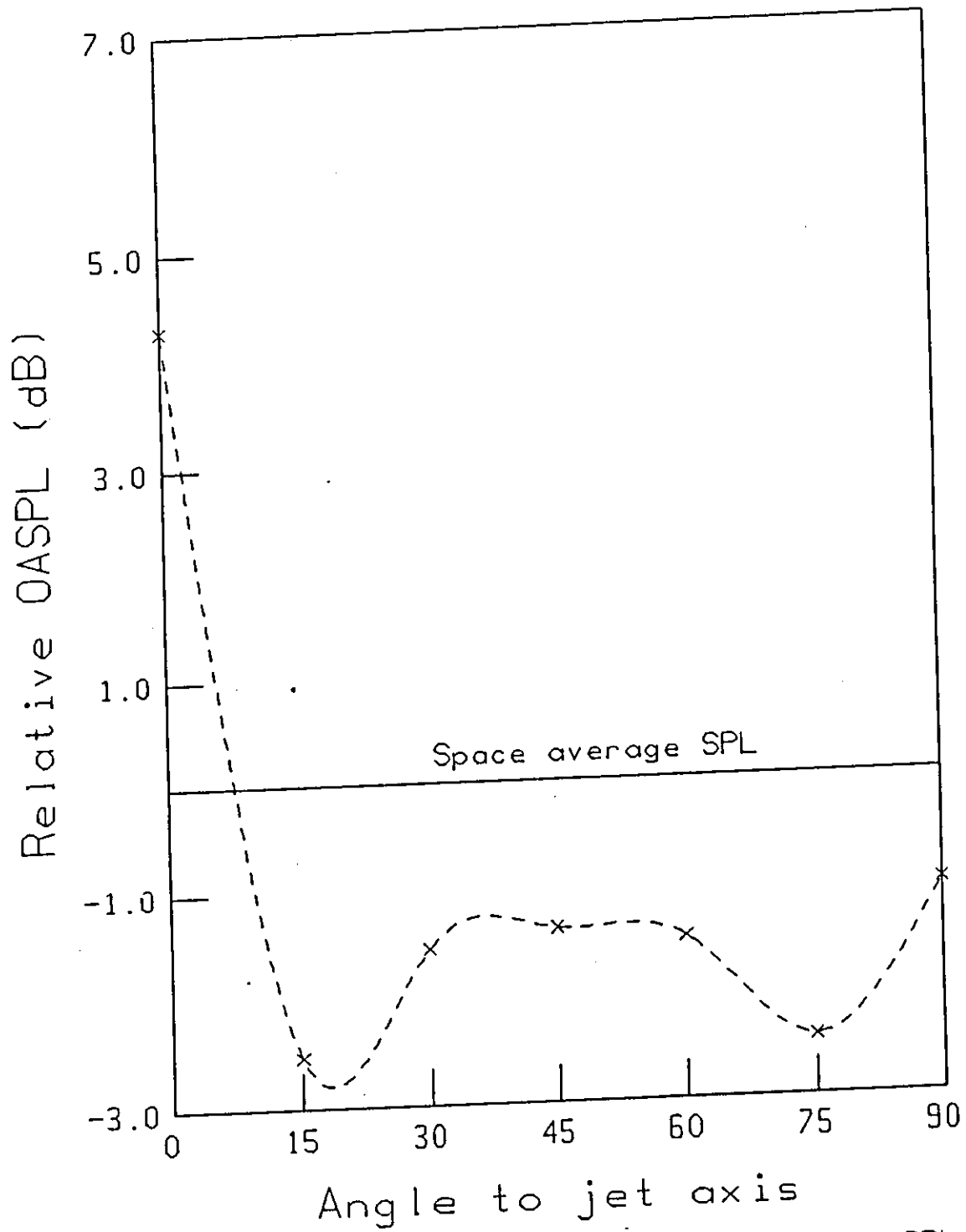


Fig. (3.10-b): Directivity of relative OASPL of four jets at 2.5 bar

This result is explained by the fact that for low frequency sound where turbulence is isotropic, there will be an interaction between turbulence and mean shear, which result in "self-noise" having its maximum intensity at 45° to the jet axis. The overall interaction between turbulence and shear will reduce this peak to an angle less than 45° . For high frequency sound coming mainly from the mixing region the maximum also will be at 45° , while the convection effects will reduce this angle. Typical directivity index of a single and four jets at a pressure of 2.5 bar is tabulated in table (3.2) and (3.3).

3.6.2 Four Jets

Four jets directivities of sound pressure levels shown in fig.(3.20) to fig.(3.28) at different $\frac{1}{3}$ octave frequency bands, suggests full agreement with theoretical background excluding the jet axis, where it was noted that there exist a region of high sound intensity relative to other angles (8 dB difference). This can be explained by the fact that at the jet axis there will be a very high turbulence region leading to higher rms sound pressures. Moreover, positions less than 20° from the jet axis are too close to the jet stream to permit accurate noise measurement, Franken [25] suggested that they make a negligible contribution to the sound power watt level (PWL) of the entire jet. Experimental results of the present work gives complete justification of such idea.

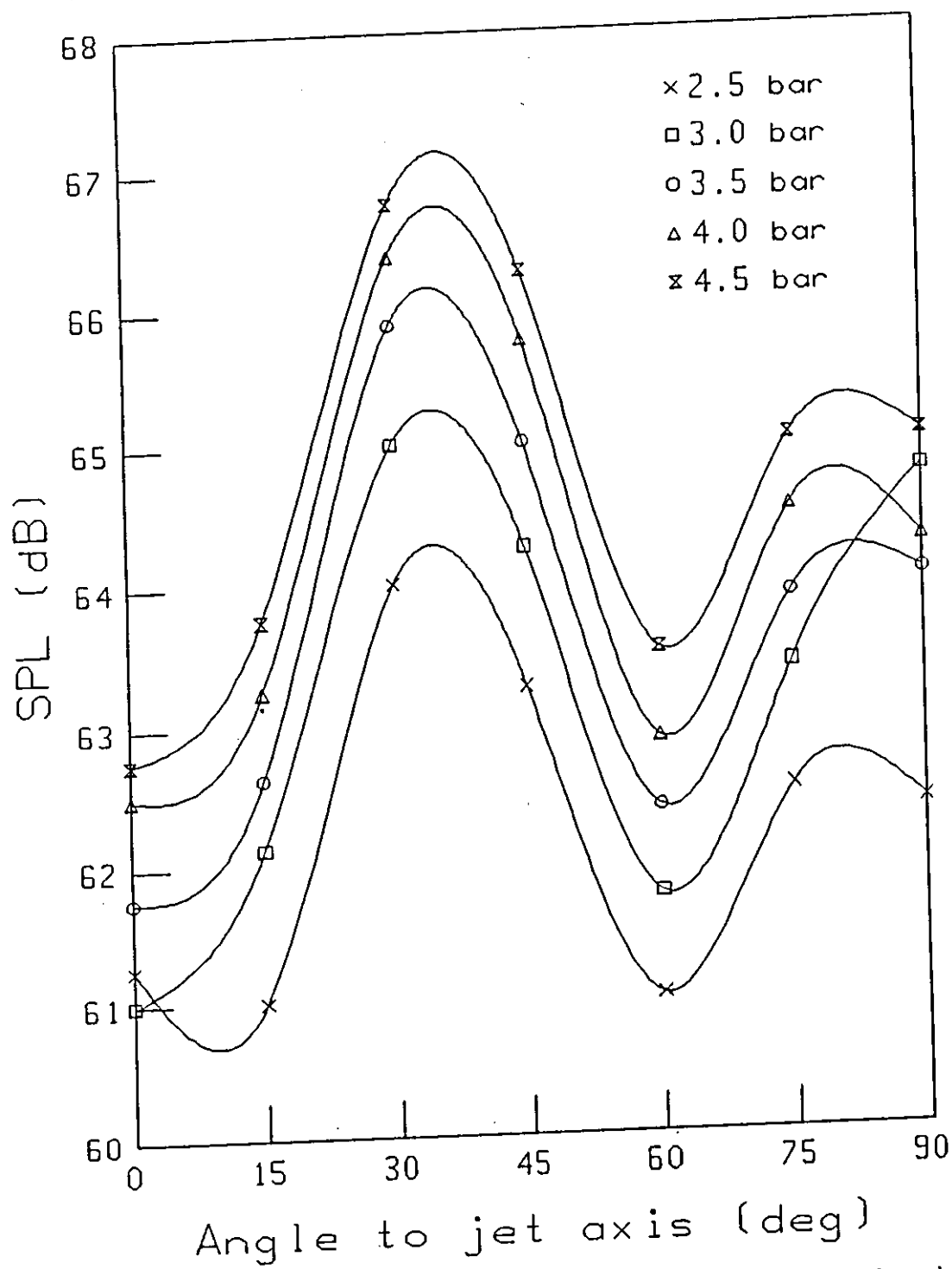


Fig.(3.11): Directivity of SPL of a single jet at central frequency=10 Hz

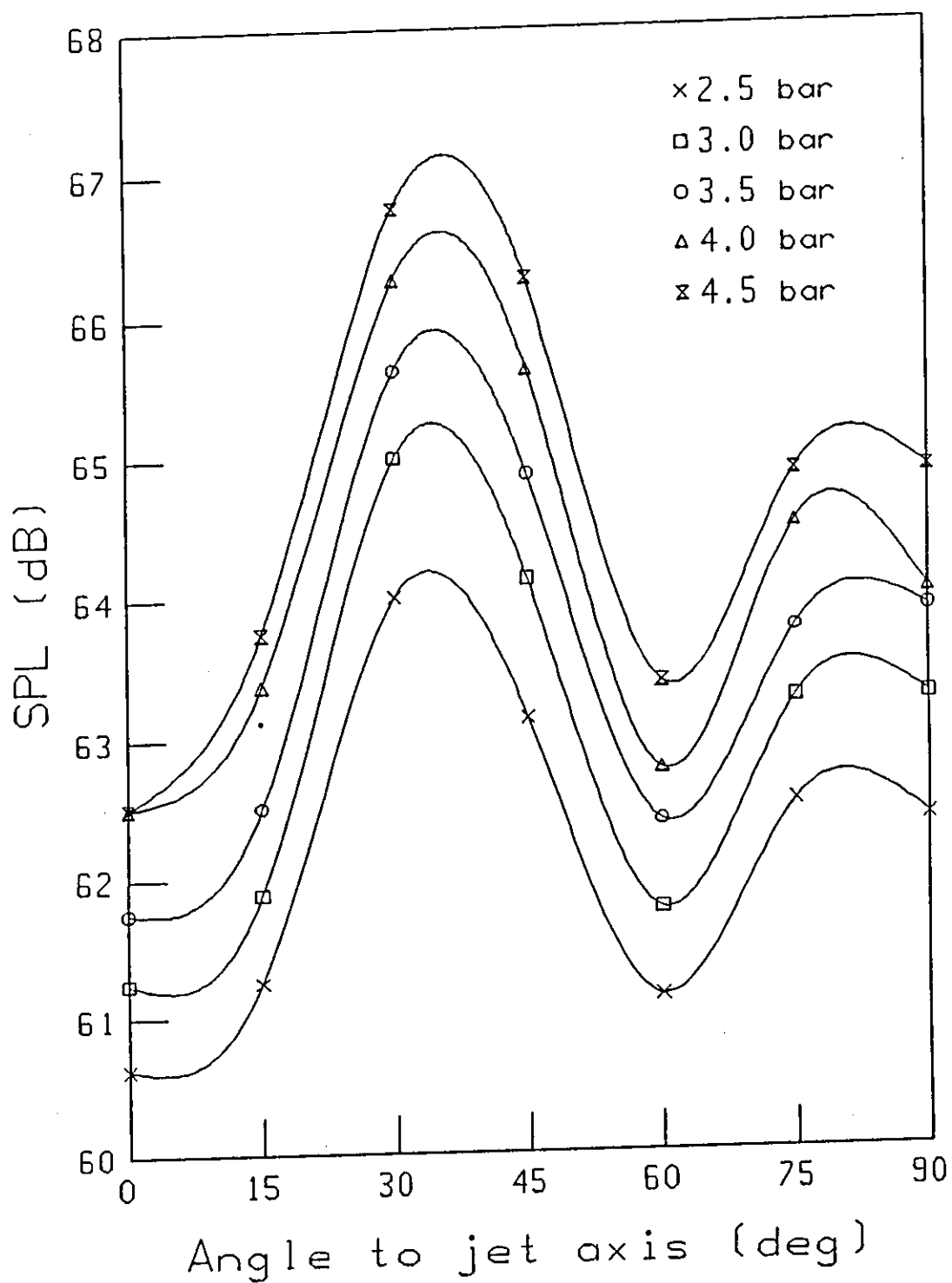


Fig.(3.12): Directivity of SPL of a single jet at central frequency=100 Hz

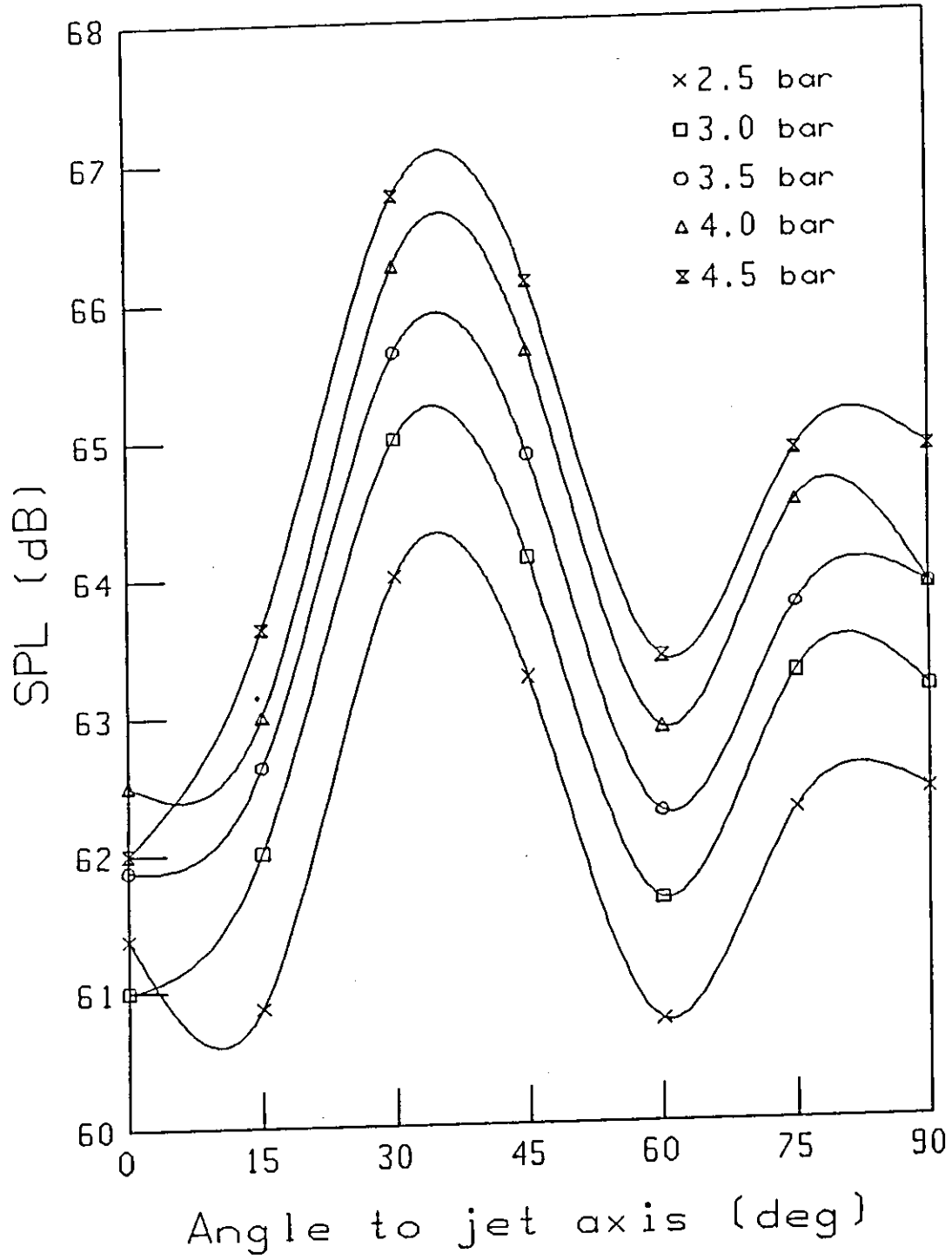


Fig.(3.15): Directivity of SPL of a single jet at central frequency=3150 Hz

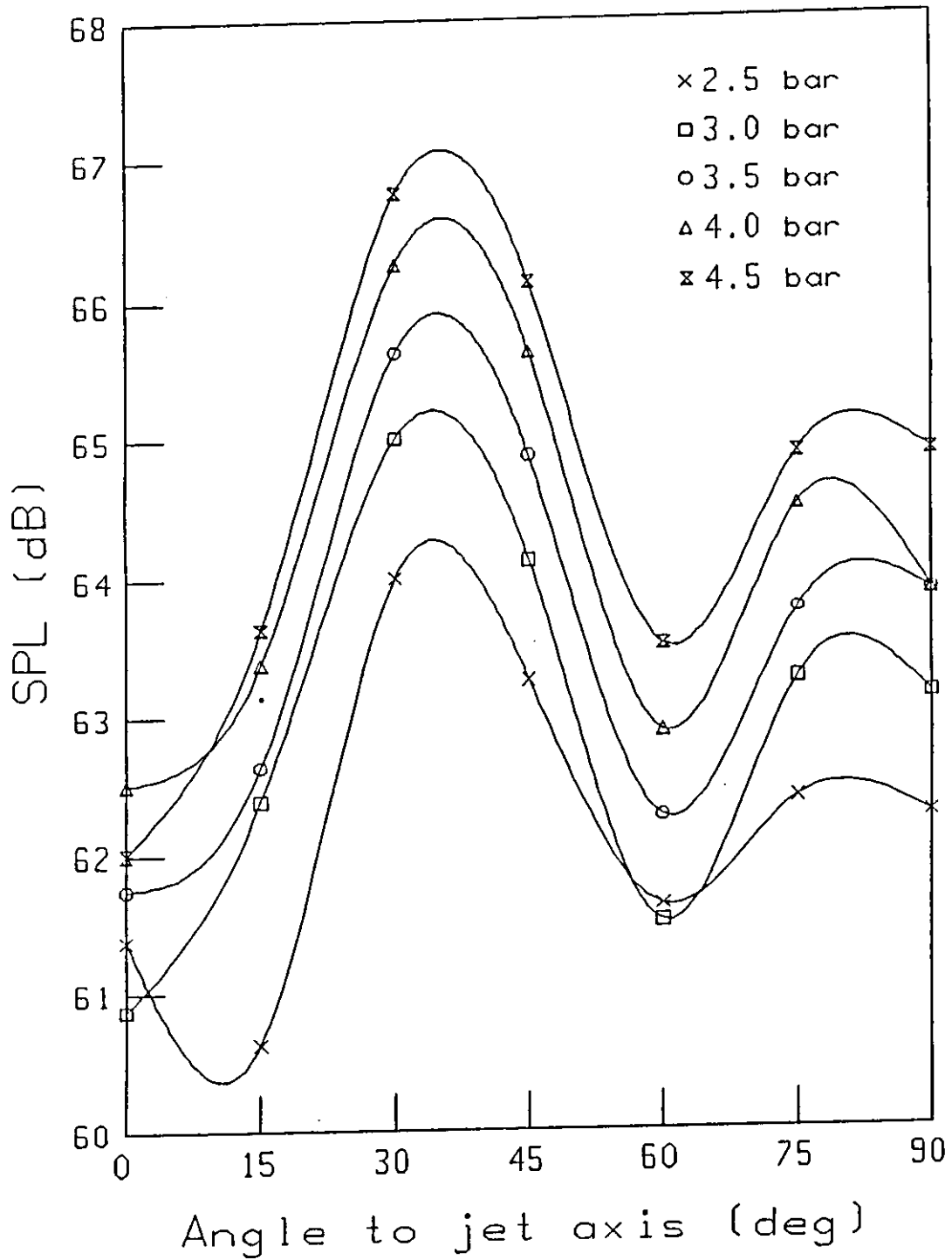


Fig.(3.16): Directivity of SPL of a single jet at central frequency=5000 Hz

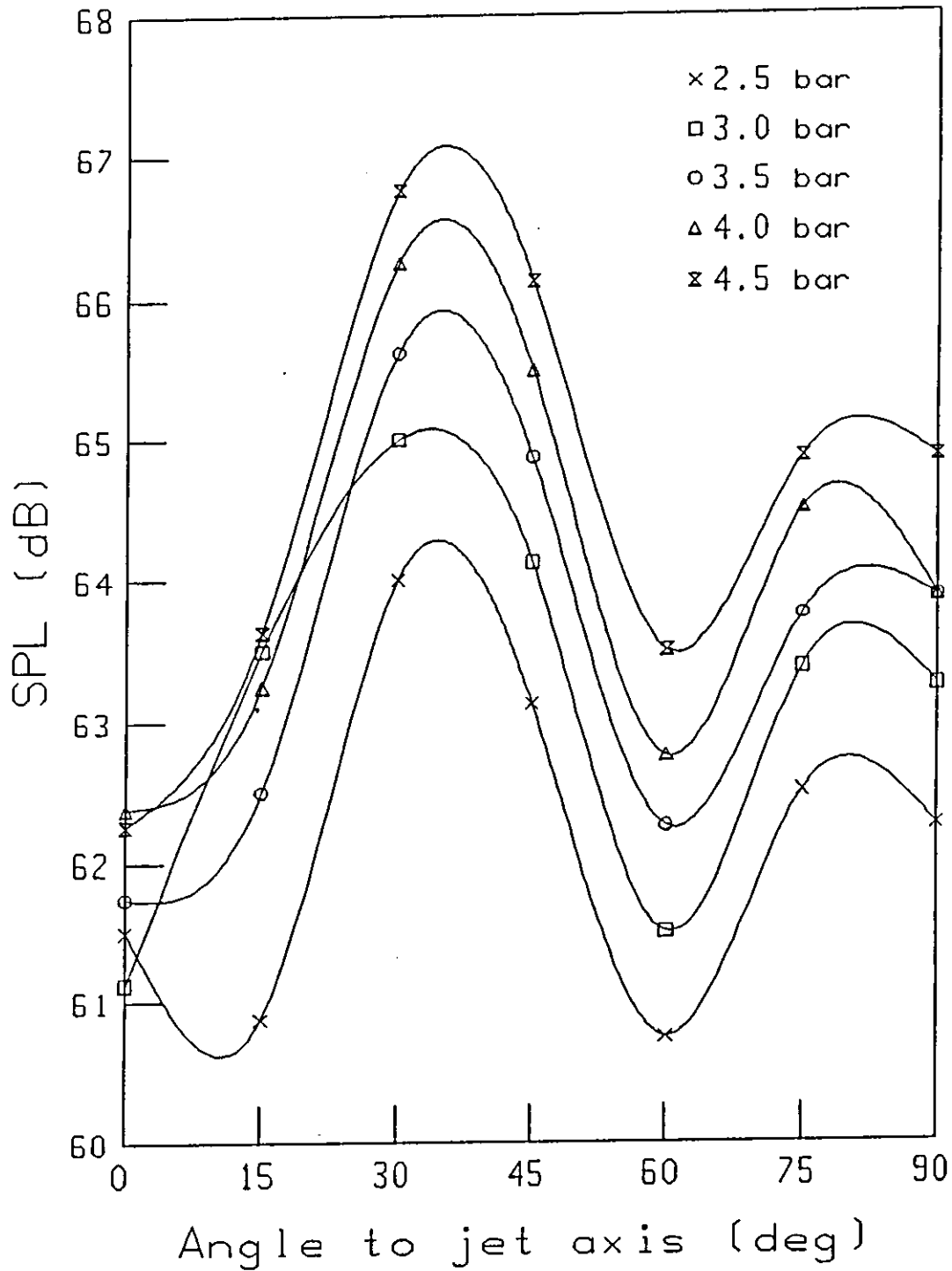


Fig. (3.18): Directivity of SPL of a single jet at central frequency=10000 Hz

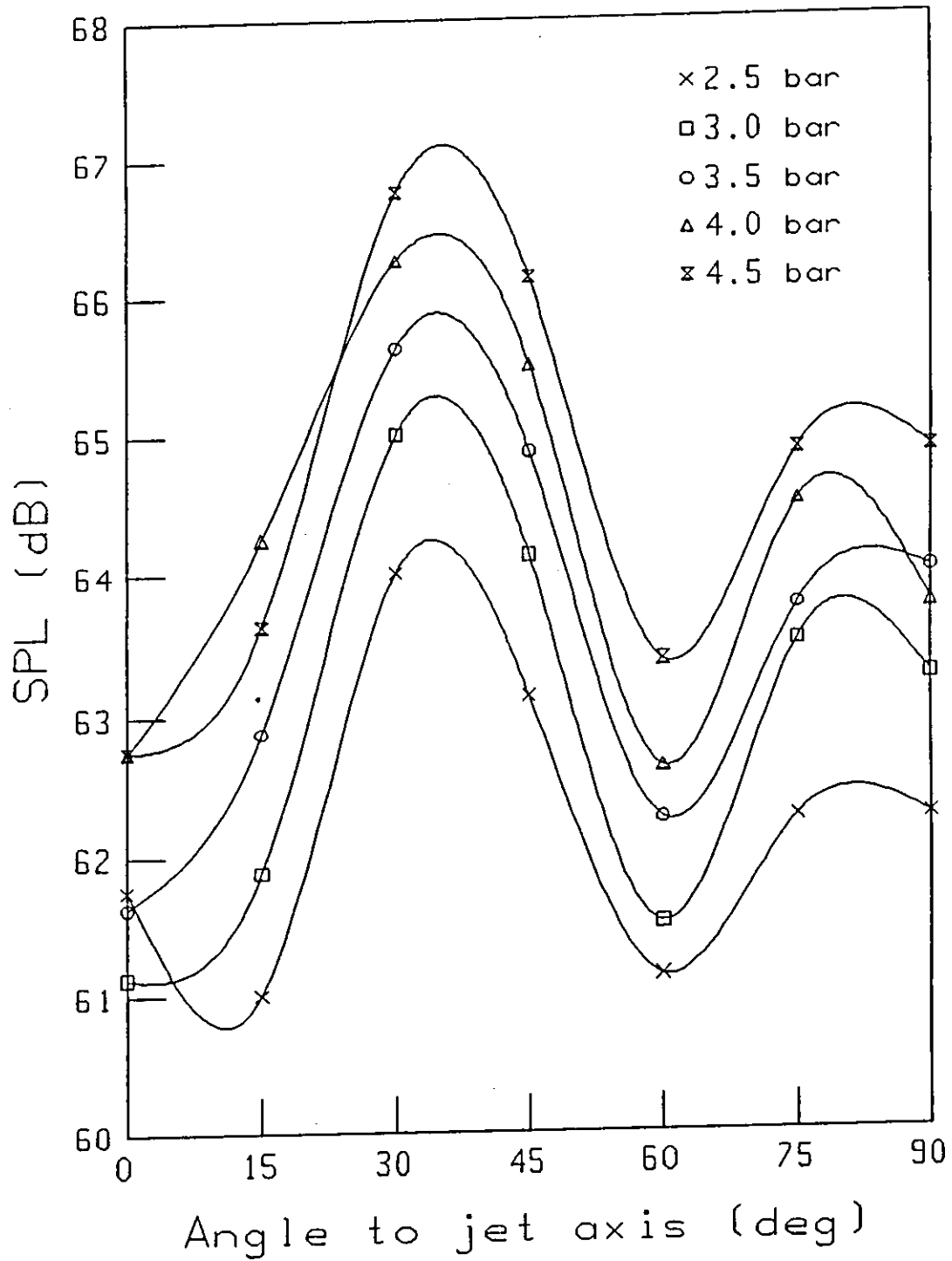


Fig.(3.19): Directivity of SPL of a single jet at central frequency=16000 Hz

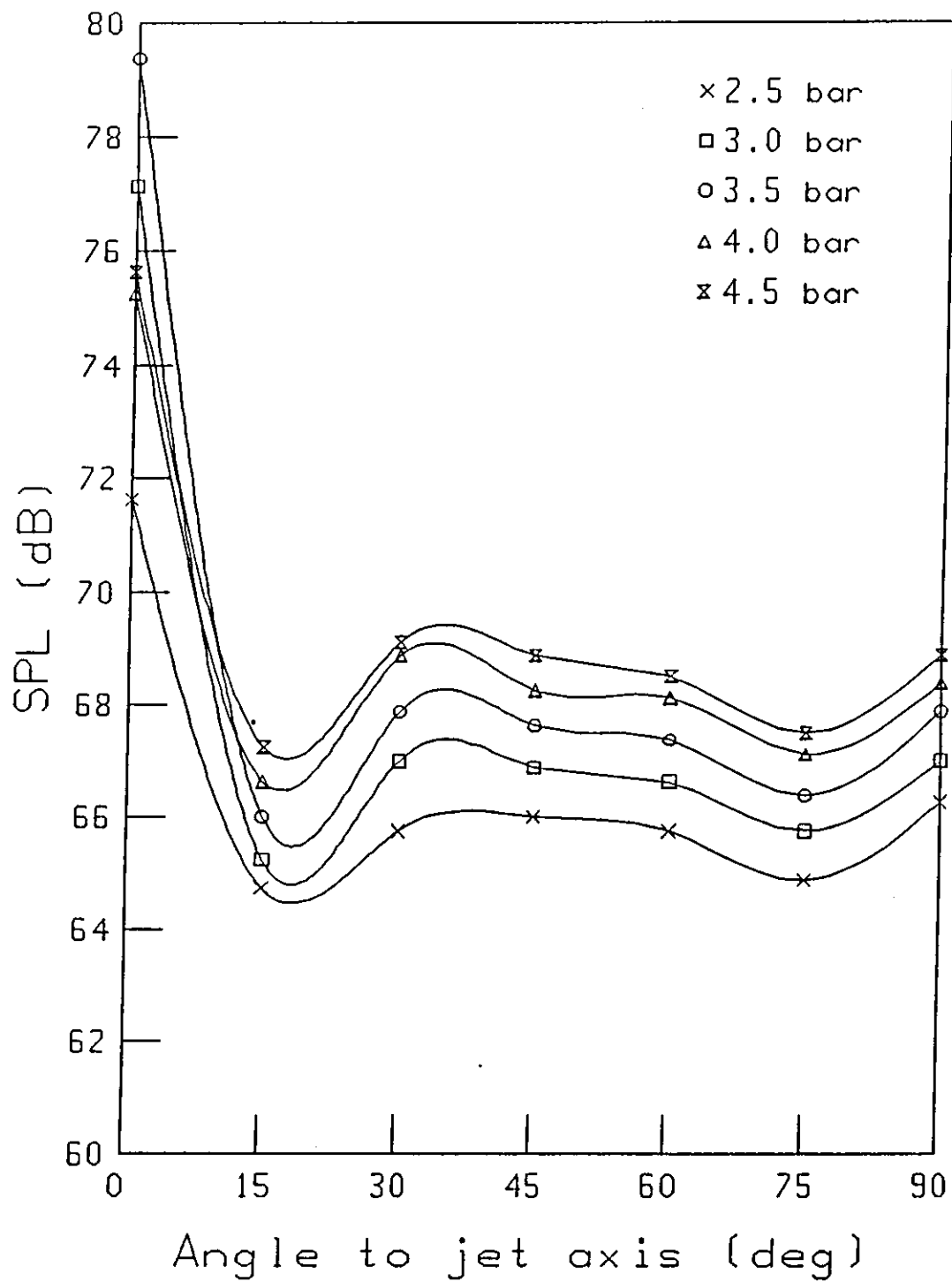


Fig.(3.20): Directivity of SPL of four jets at central frequency=10 Hz

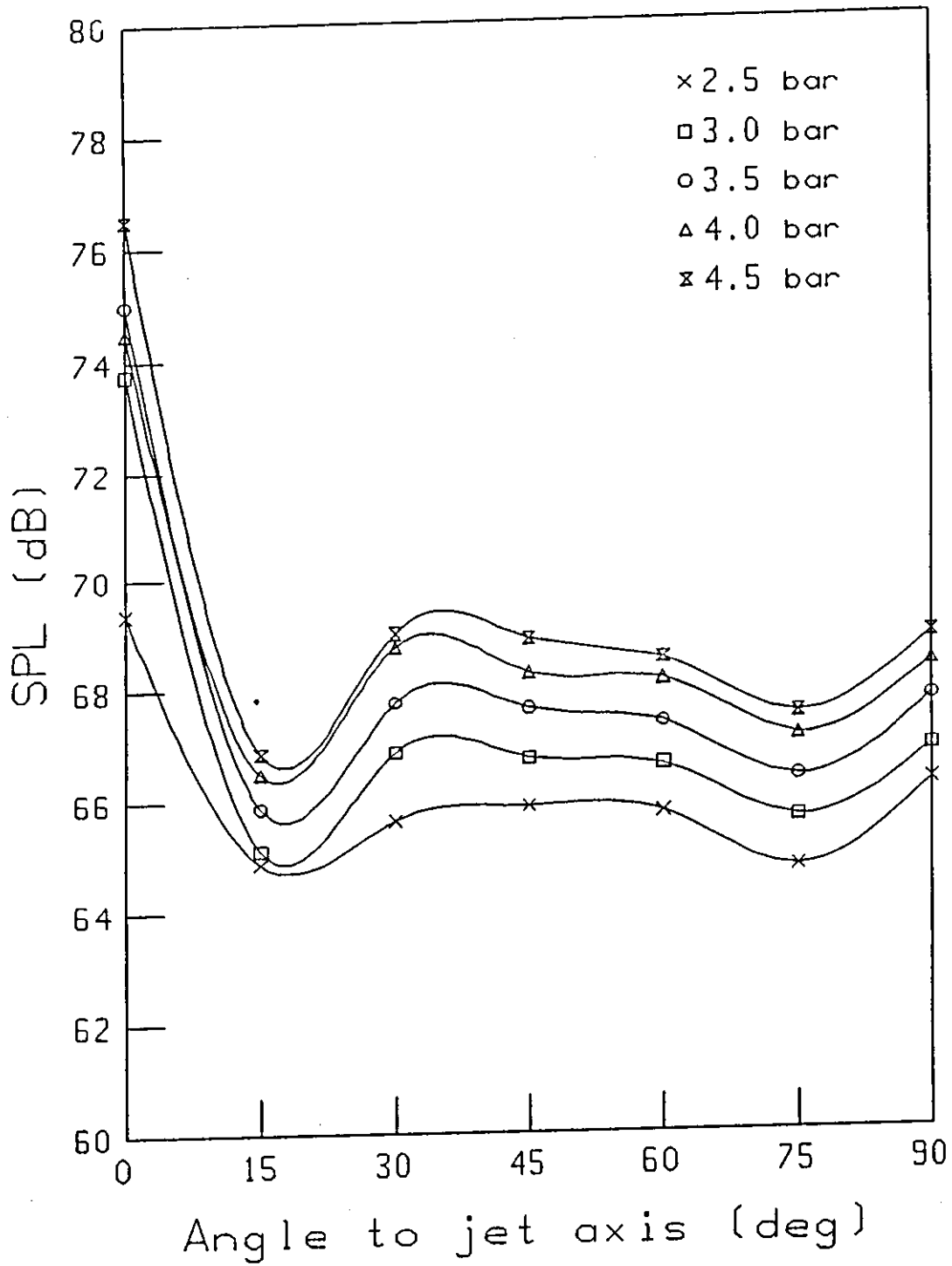


Fig.(3.21): Directivity of SPL of four jets at central frequency=100 Hz

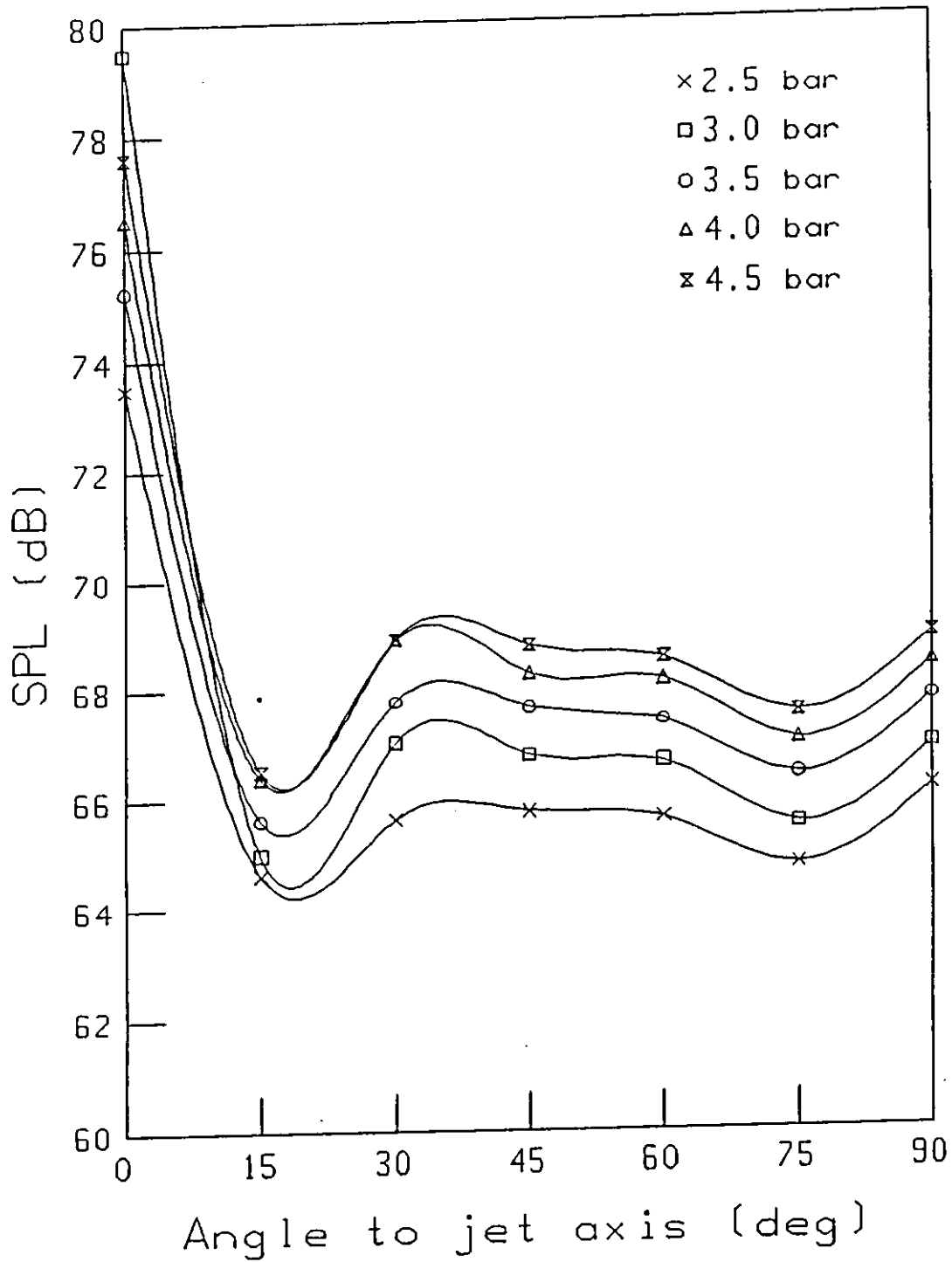


Fig.(3.22): Directivity of SPL of four jets at central frequency=500 Hz

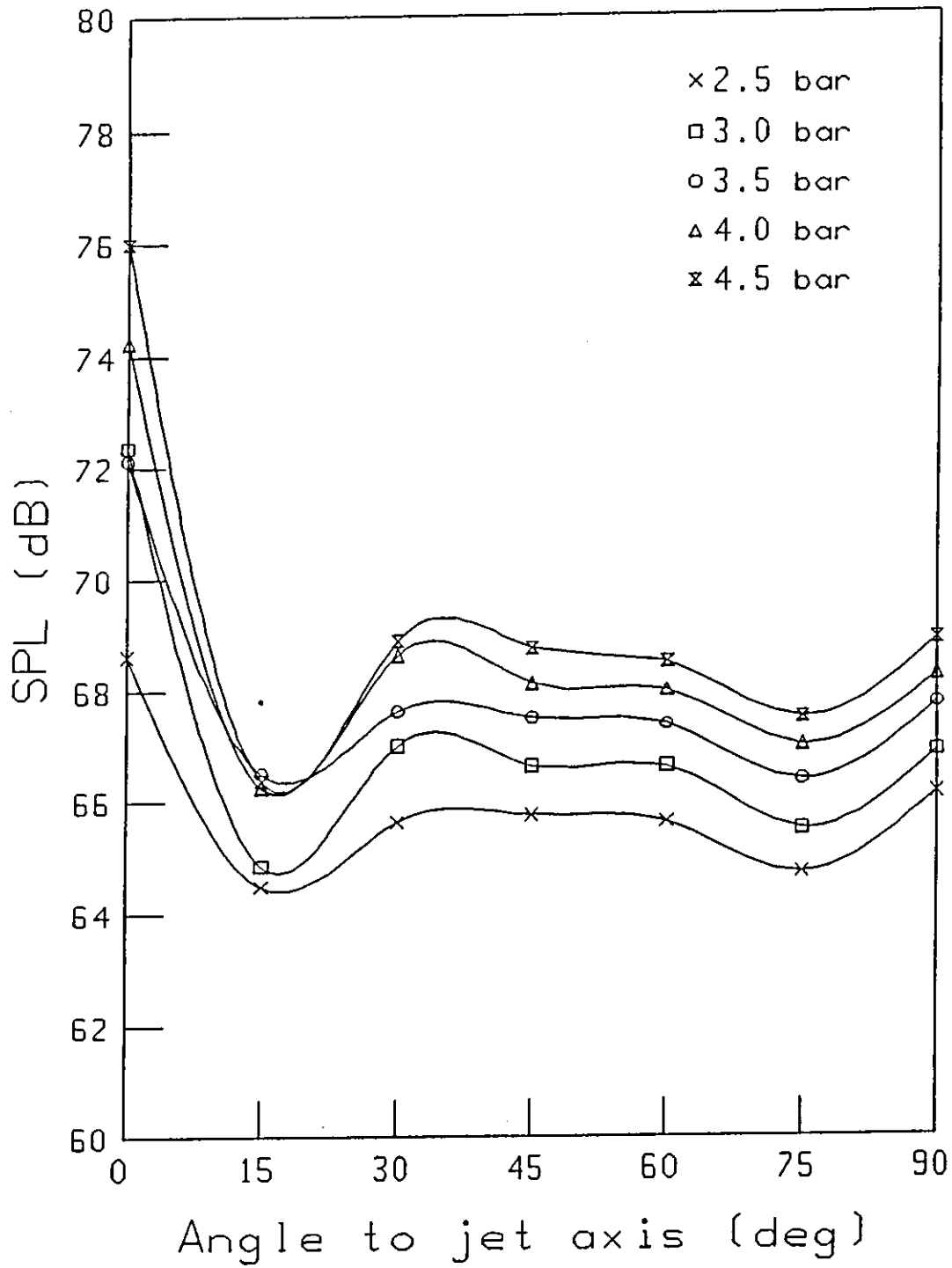


Fig.(3.23): Directivity of SPL of four jets at central frequency=1000 Hz

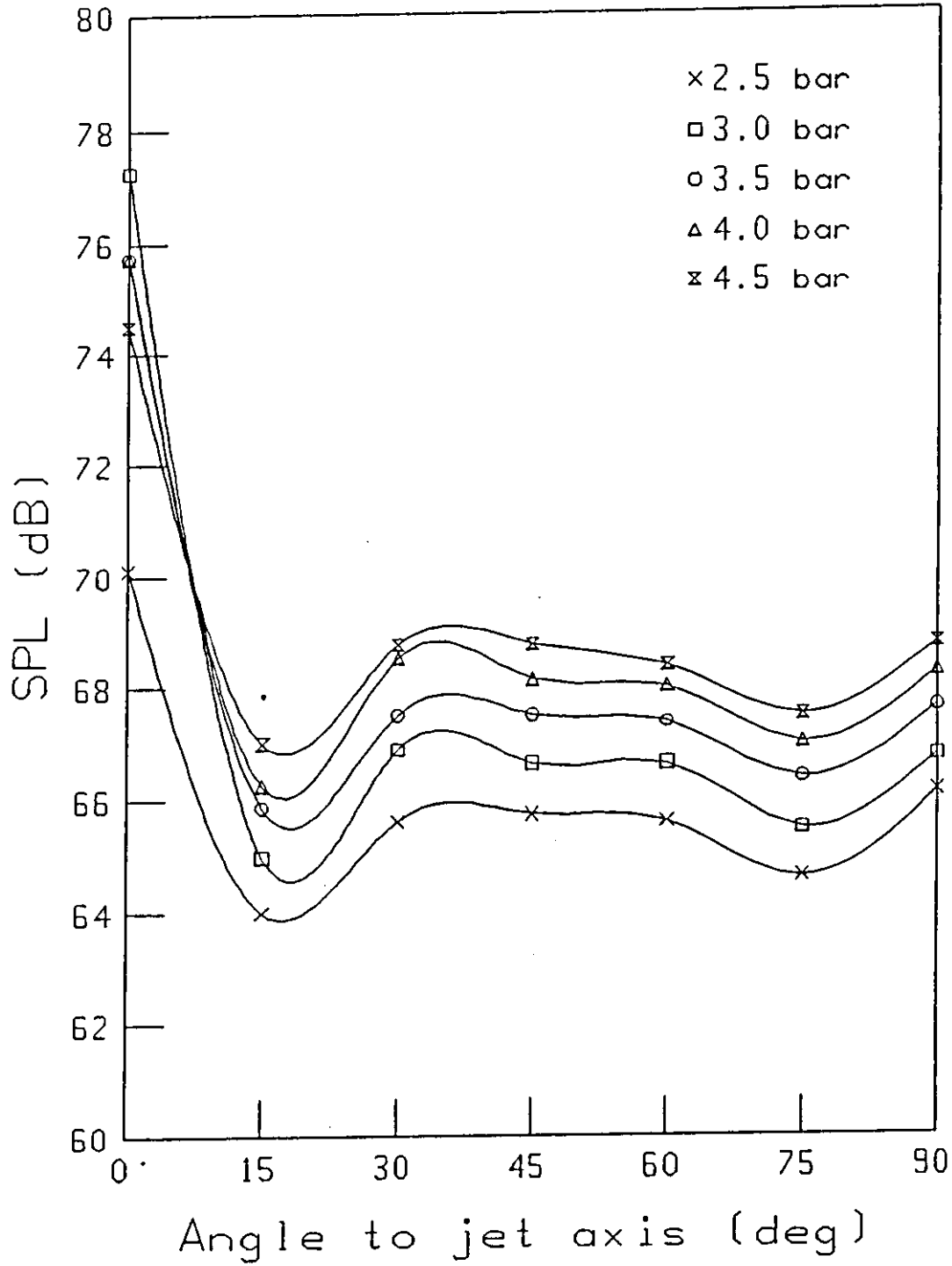


Fig.(3.24): Directivity of SPL of four jets at central frequency=3150 Hz

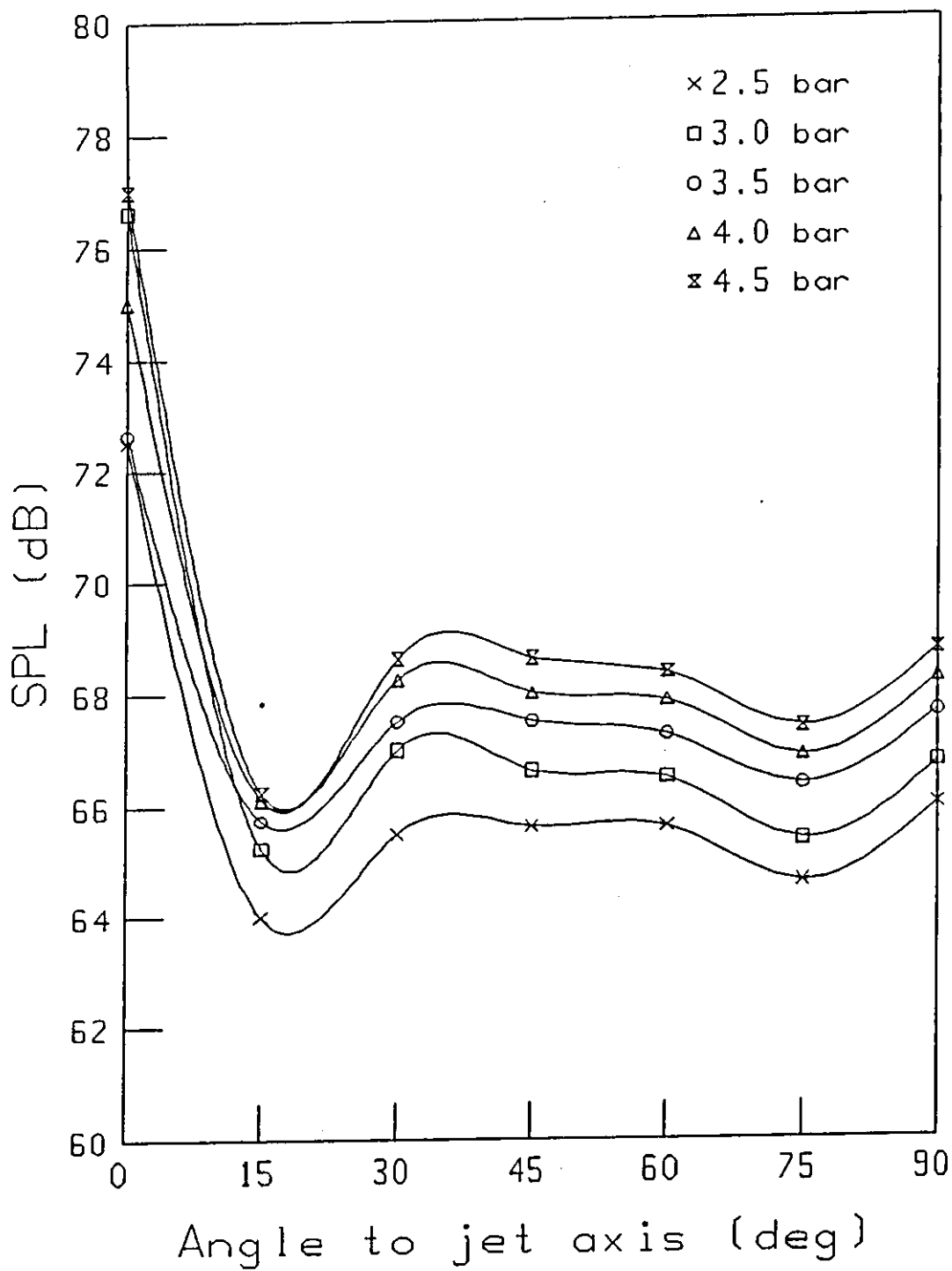


Fig.(3.26): Directivity of SPL of four jets at central frequency=8000 Hz

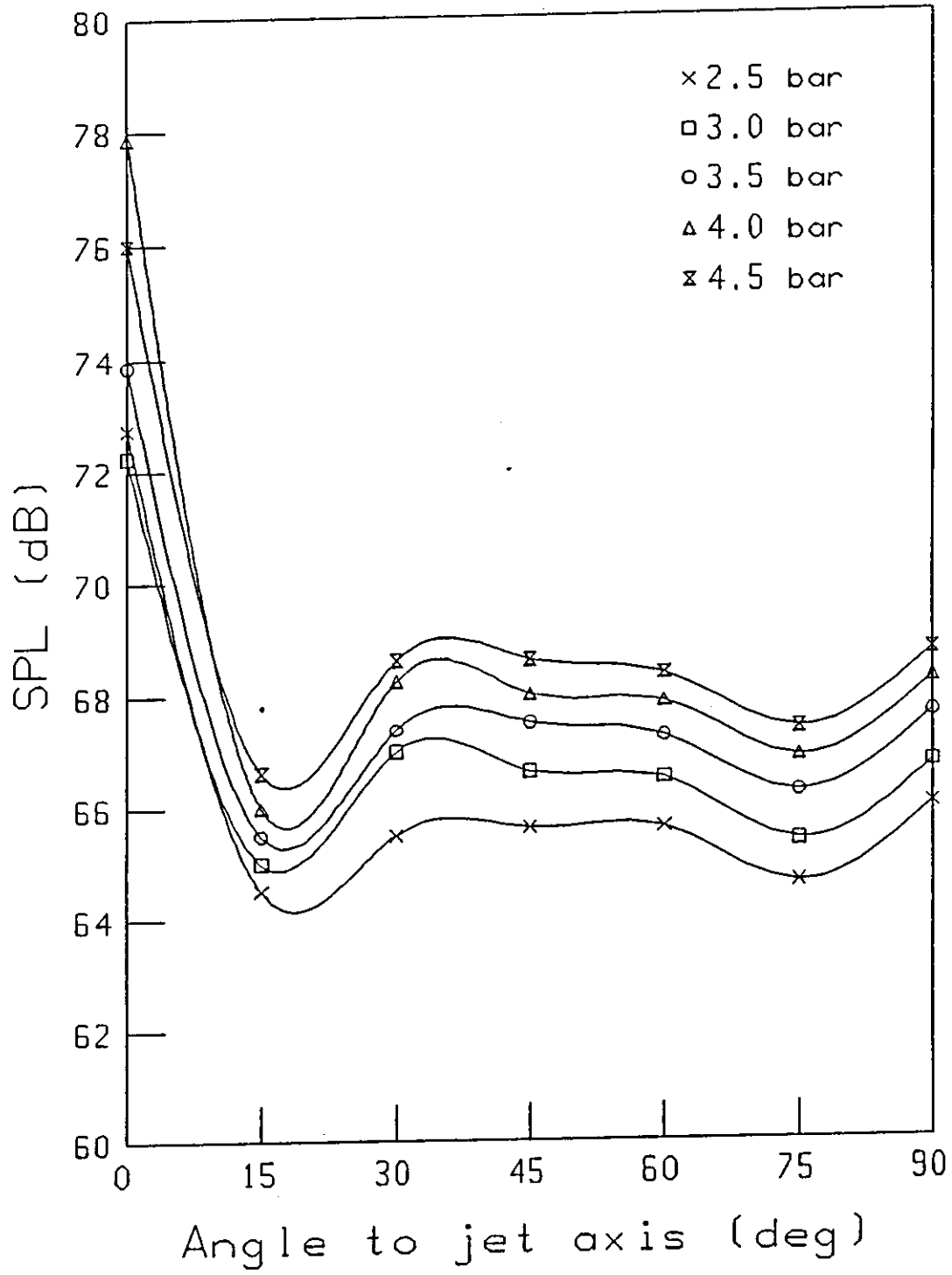


Fig.(3.27): Directivity of SPL of four jets at central frequency=10000 Hz

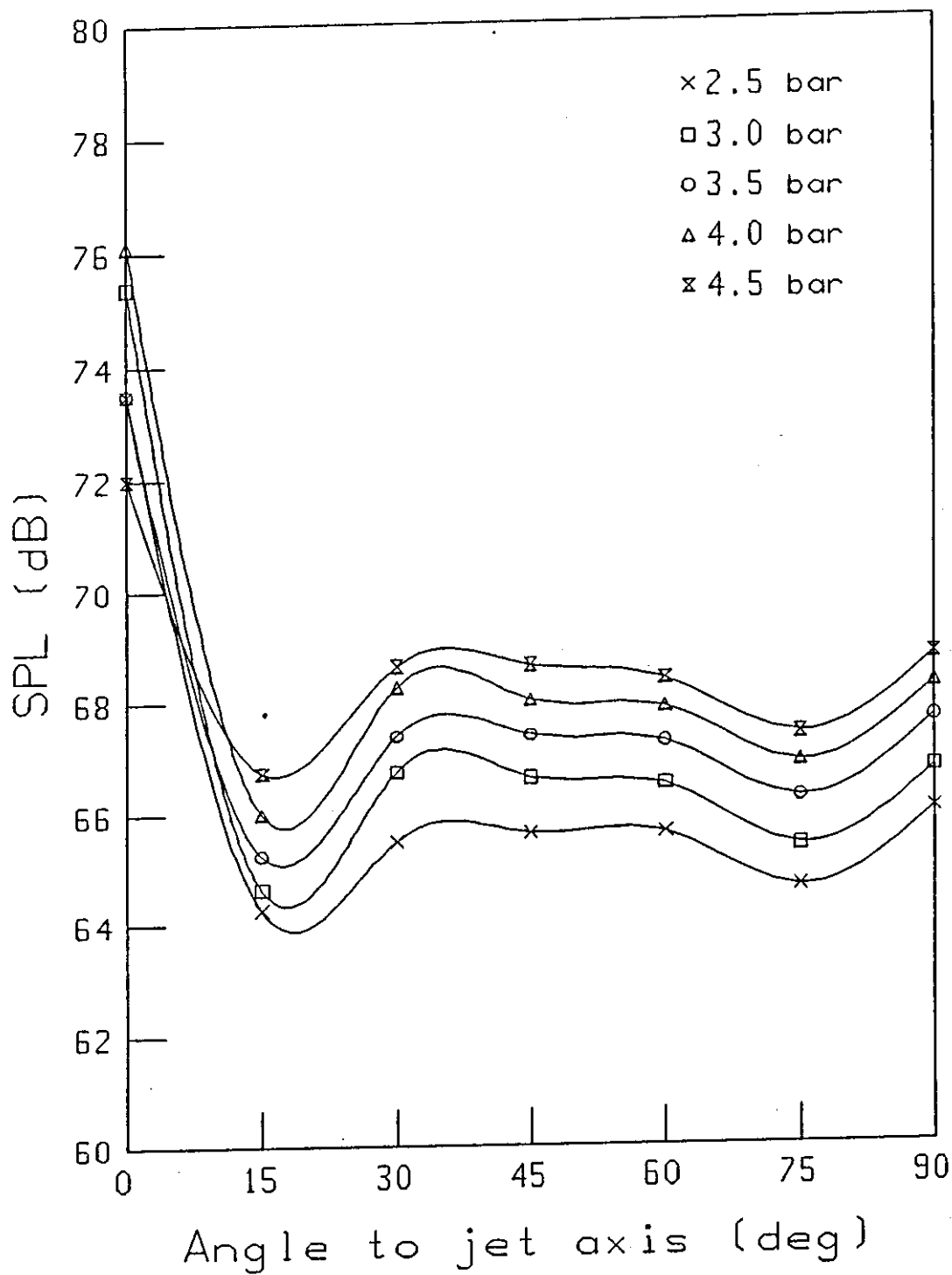


Fig.(3.28): Directivity of SPL of four jets at central frequency=16000 Hz

Table (3.2) :Directivity Index of a single jet at 2.5 Bar

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	1.59	1.47	4.97	2.84	2.34	2.72	3.09
12.5	1.55	2.05	4.42	2.80	2.80	2.67	2.92
16.0	1.02	1.64	4.02	2.77	2.39	2.14	2.52
20.0	1.02	2.02	4.40	3.52	2.02	2.52	3.14
25.0	1.67	1.05	4.17	3.05	1.92	2.42	5.05
31.5	1.11	1.48	4.73	3.11	2.23	2.86	3.30
40.0	1.72	1.47	4.47	3.22	2.35	2.97	3.10
50.0	1.04	3.54	4.29	3.04	2.10	2.79	4.79
63.0	1.20	4.32	4.32	2.70	2.32	2.82	4.32
80.0	2.19	1.94	4.57	2.82	2.57	2.94	3.32
100.0	1.06	1.94	4.44	2.81	3.06	2.94	2.94
125.0	1.15	2.15	4.40	2.78	3.90	2.90	2.90
160.0	0.99	1.86	4.40	2.74	2.49	2.86	3.11
200.0	1.05	1.68	4.68	2.80	2.43	2.80	3.05
250.0	1.09	1.84	4.47	3.22	2.47	2.97	3.09
315.0	1.03	2.16	4.78	2.78	2.41	3.03	3.16
400.0	1.11	1.74	4.61	3.11	2.36	3.11	3.11
500.0	1.17	1.79	4.42	4.92	2.29	2.92	3.04
630.0	1.01	2.76	4.51	3.20	2.38	3.01	3.13
800.0	1.02	1.76	4.52	2.76	2.52	3.02	3.02
1000.0	1.14	1.76	4.52	2.76	2.52	3.02	3.02
1250.0	2.13	1.76	4.38	2.63	2.26	2.76	2.88
1600.0	2.47	1.60	4.47	2.85	2.47	2.85	3.10
2000.0	2.45	2.45	4.57	2.70	2.20	2.82	3.07
2500.0	3.78	1.65	4.40	2.78	2.15	2.65	2.90
3150.0	1.82	1.44	4.57	2.82	2.44	2.82	3.07
4000.0	2.08	1.58	4.45	2.95	2.20	2.70	2.83
5000.0	1.84	2.09	4.96	2.59	2.40	2.84	3.09
6300.0	1.98	1.73	4.86	2.61	2.36	2.86	3.11
8000.0	2.06	1.80	4.80	3.30	2.43	2.93	3.18
10000.0	1.99	2.12	4.74	2.74	2.74	2.99	3.24
12500.0	2.04	3.17	4.67	3.04	2.92	2.92	3.04
16000.0	2.23	2.10	4.85	2.85	2.48	2.85	3.10

Table (3.3) :Directivity Index of Four jets at 2.5 Bar

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	8.20	1.32	2.32	2.57	2.32	1.45	2.82
12.5	7.73	1.35	2.35	2.60	2.35	1.48	2.85
16.0	9.95	1.45	2.20	2.33	2.20	1.33	2.70
20.0	5.94	1.09	2.44	2.56	2.44	1.56	2.94
25.0	9.28	1.53	2.28	2.41	2.28	1.28	2.78
31.5	7.86	1.86	2.36	2.49	2.36	1.36	2.86
40.0	7.05	1.65	2.28	2.53	2.40	1.40	2.90
50.0	10.45	1.32	2.07	2.32	2.20	1.20	2.70
63.0	8.83	1.58	2.21	2.46	2.33	1.33	2.83
80.0	8.60	1.00	2.22	2.47	2.35	1.35	2.85
100.0	6.10	1.00	2.35	2.60	2.48	1.48	2.98
125.0	6.22	1.60	2.35	2.60	2.47	1.47	2.97
160.0	6.23	1.48	2.35	2.60	2.48	1.48	2.98
200.0	6.50	1.02	2.37	2.02	2.50	1.50	2.87
250.0	10.24	1.50	2.12	2.37	2.24	1.24	2.62
315.0	7.95	1.57	2.32	2.45	2.45	1.45	2.82
400.0	10.50	1.25	2.13	2.25	2.25	1.25	2.64
500.0	10.08	1.20	2.20	2.33	2.20	1.33	2.70
630.0	9.05	1.41	2.28	2.41	2.28	1.41	2.78
800.0	5.21	1.71	2.46	2.59	2.46	1.59	2.96
1000.0	5.47	1.35	2.47	2.60	2.47	1.60	2.97
1250.0	5.22	1.47	2.47	2.60	2.47	1.60	2.97
1600.0	8.49	0.99	2.37	2.49	2.37	1.37	2.87
2000.0	8.84	0.97	2.34	2.47	2.34	1.34	2.84
2500.0	6.83	1.08	2.46	2.58	2.46	1.46	2.96
3150.0	6.96	0.84	2.46	2.59	2.46	1.46	2.96
4000.0	6.27	1.02	2.52	2.64	2.52	1.52	2.89
5000.0	8.79	0.54	2.29	2.54	2.42	1.42	2.79
6300.0	10.88	0.38	2.13	2.25	2.25	1.25	2.63
8000.0	9.27	0.77	2.27	2.40	2.40	1.40	2.77
10000.0	9.48	1.23	2.23	2.36	2.36	1.36	2.73
12500.0	10.73	1.23	2.10	2.23	2.23	1.23	2.60
16000.0	10.18	0.93	2.18	2.30	2.30	1.30	2.68

Chapter 4

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 Conclusion

This research is considered as the first step in studying the sound field, and directivity pattern of micro-jets, with the attempt to correlate the sound power watt level with the jet velocity.

The present investigation of aerodynamic generated noise from a micro- jet source, offers general concluding remarks, which can be summarized as follows:

1. The sound pressure level (SPL) exhibits a nearly uniform value overall frequency spectrum, for both single and four parallel jet arrangements because of the relatively small dimension of the sound source.
2. Directivity pattern of a single supersonic jet suggests that, the peak sound pressure level lies at an angle of 36° with the jet axis, which is in a close agreement with other experimental investigations conducted by Aluja[9] and Tana [11].
3. According to the formation of high turbulence region, the directivity pattern of

the four parallel jets indicates high intensity at the jet axis, otherwise, a relatively peaked value of (SPL) occurs at 36° from the jet axis.

4. The overall sound pressure level (OASPL) of a single supersonic jet has its peak value at 36° from the jet axis, with an over all sound pressure behaviour similar to that of sound pressure level.
5. Over all sound power level exhibits a nearly uniform value over all frequency spectra, except at certain frequencies at which resonance occurs, according to the nearly constant behaviour of the sound pressure level.
6. The correlation of overall sound power level of single and four parallel jet cases, indicates a good agreement with the V_j^4 model
7. Experimental investigation of supersonic jets indicates that, they have a more peaked value of (SPL), compared with subsonic jets.

4.2 Recommendations

For further studies in the micro-jet research, the following recommendations may be stated.

1. It is recommended to use Parallel jet of various diameter of each nozzle in order to suppress noise generation from the 'Arabian- Head' jet arrangement.
2. Effect of noise suppression schemes previously studied on large jets may be investigated for micro-jets.

3. Various jet arrangements may be investigated, in order to determine their role on the resulted directivity, and spectral sound pressure levels.
4. The effect of spatial distances on the measured sound pressure levels may be investigated, in order to determine the relation of sound pressure level with distance from the source.
5. Prediction techniques may be produced, in order to perform a whole correlating scheme of aerodynamic noise generated by micro-jets.
6. The noise field of micro-jets having various throat diameters may be investigated experimentally, and comparative study between experimental study and large jets prediction techniques may be applied.

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Table (A.1): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 0

$P_{working}$:2.5 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.904 bar $T_{ambient}$:10.0° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	61.250	61.125	64.625	62.500	62.000	62.375	62.750
12.5	61.250	61.750	64.125	62.500	62.500	62.375	62.625
16.0	61.250	61.875	64.250	63.000	62.625	62.375	62.750
20.0	60.875	61.875	64.250	63.375	61.875	62.375	63.000
25.0	61.625	61.000	64.125	63.000	61.875	62.375	65.000
31.5	60.750	61.125	64.375	62.750	61.875	62.500	63.000
40.0	61.250	61.000	64.000	62.750	61.875	62.500	62.625
50.0	60.750	63.250	64.000	62.750	61.875	62.500	64.500
63.0	60.875	64.000	64.000	62.375	62.000	62.500	64.000
80.0	61.750	61.500	64.125	62.375	62.125	62.500	62.875
100.0	60.625	61.500	64.000	62.375	62.625	62.500	62.500
125.0	60.750	61.750	64.000	62.375	63.500	62.500	62.500
160.0	60.500	61.375	64.000	62.250	62.000	62.375	62.625
200.0	60.625	61.250	64.250	62.375	62.000	62.375	62.625
250.0	60.625	61.375	64.000	62.750	62.000	62.500	62.625
315.0	60.500	61.625	64.250	62.250	61.875	62.500	62.625
400.0	60.625	61.250	64.125	62.625	61.875	62.625	62.625
500.0	60.750	61.375	64.000	64.500	61.875	62.500	62.625
630.0	60.500	62.250	64.000	62.750	61.875	62.500	62.625
800.0	60.500	61.250	64.000	62.250	62.000	62.500	62.500
1000.0	60.625	61.250	64.000	62.250	62.000	62.500	62.500
1250.0	61.750	61.375	64.000	62.250	61.875	62.375	62.500
1600.0	62.000	61.125	64.000	62.375	62.000	62.375	62.625
2000.0	62.000	62.000	64.125	62.250	61.750	62.375	62.625
2500.0	63.500	61.375	64.125	62.500	61.875	62.375	62.625
3150.0	61.375	61.000	64.125	62.375	62.000	62.375	62.625
4000.0	61.750	61.250	64.125	62.625	61.875	62.375	62.500
5000.0	61.375	61.625	64.500	62.125	62.000	62.375	62.625
6300.0	61.500	61.250	64.375	62.125	61.875	62.375	62.625
8000.0	61.625	61.375	64.375	62.875	62.000	62.500	62.750
10000.0	61.500	61.625	64.250	62.250	62.250	62.500	62.750
12500.0	61.625	62.750	64.250	62.625	62.500	62.500	62.625
16000.0	61.750	61.625	64.375	62.375	62.000	62.375	62.625

Table (A.2): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 0

$P_{working}$:3.0 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.904 bar $T_{ambient}$:10.0° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	61.000	64.000	64.750	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.375
12.5	61.500	64.000	64.875	62.750	62.875	63.000	63.375
16.0	61.500	64.375	64.625	62.750	62.875	63.000	63.375
20.0	61.500	64.250	64.750	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.250
25.0	61.375	64.000	65.000	62.750	62.750	63.125	63.250
31.5	61.250	64.000	65.000	62.750	62.750	63.250	63.250
40.0	61.500	64.000	64.875	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.500
50.0	61.500	63.750	64.625	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.625
63.0	61.500	63.750	64.625	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.500
80.0	61.500	63.500	64.500	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.375
100.0	61.250	63.750	64.500	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.375
125.0	61.500	63.625	64.500	62.750	62.750	62.875	63.375
160.0	61.750	63.875	64.500	62.750	62.750	62.875	63.375
200.0	61.750	63.625	64.500	62.750	62.750	62.875	63.375
250.0	61.500	63.625	64.500	62.750	62.750	62.875	63.375
315.0	61.750	63.625	64.375	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.375
400.0	61.500	63.625	64.375	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.250
500.0	61.750	63.625	64.375	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.375
630.0	61.000	63.250	64.375	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.250
800.0	61.500	63.500	64.250	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.375
1000.0	61.375	63.625	64.250	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.250
1250.0	61.250	63.375	64.250	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.250
1600.0	61.125	63.500	64.625	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.250
2000.0	61.500	64.000	64.250	62.750	62.750	63.000	63.250
2500.0	61.000	63.500	64.250	62.750	62.625	63.000	63.250
3150.0	61.000	63.375	64.250	62.750	62.625	63.000	63.250
4000.0	61.125	63.625	64.375	62.750	62.625	63.000	63.250
5000.0	60.875	63.750	64.500	62.750	62.625	63.000	63.250
6300.0	61.125	63.125	64.500	62.875	62.625	63.000	63.250
8000.0	61.375	63.125	64.250	62.750	62.625	63.000	63.000
10000.0	61.125	63.125	64.250	62.625	62.625	63.000	63.000
12500.0	61.250	63.625	65.000	62.625	62.750	63.000	63.000
16000.0	61.120	62.750	66.375	62.625	62.750	63.000	63.000

Table (A.3): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 0

 $P_{working}$:3.5 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.904 bar $T_{ambient}$:10.0° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	61.750	63.625	65.250	64.000	64.000	64.000	64.000
12.5	61.750	63.875	65.125	64.000	63.875	64.500	64.000
16.0	61.125	63.875	65.125	64.000	63.625	64.000	64.000
20.0	61.125	64.125	65.000	64.125	63.750	65.750	64.000
25.0	61.125	63.000	65.000	64.000	64.250	64.875	64.000
31.5	61.125	63.500	65.000	64.000	63.875	63.875	64.125
40.0	61.750	64.250	65.000	64.000	63.875	64.250	64.000
50.0	62.000	63.750	65.000	64.000	64.500	64.250	64.000
63.0	61.875	64.000	65.000	64.000	64.000	63.750	64.000
80.0	61.625	64.000	65.000	64.000	63.875	63.750	64.000
100.0	61.750	63.500	65.000	64.250	63.875	63.875	64.000
125.0	61.750	63.500	65.000	64.125	64.500	63.875	64.000
160.0	61.750	63.500	65.000	64.125	63.875	63.750	63.875
200.0	61.750	63.750	65.000	64.000	63.750	63.625	63.875
250.0	61.625	64.500	65.000	64.000	63.500	63.625	63.875
315.0	61.750	64.125	65.000	64.000	63.875	63.625	63.875
400.0	61.750	64.375	65.125	64.000	64.000	64.000	63.875
500.0	62.000	64.250	65.250	64.375	63.750	63.625	63.875
630.0	61.750	64.250	65.250	64.250	64.125	63.625	63.875
800.0	61.750	64.250	65.000	64.000	63.750	63.750	63.875
1000.0	61.750	64.375	65.375	64.000	63.750	63.625	63.875
1250.0	61.875	64.000	65.000	64.250	63.875	63.625	64.000
1600.0	62.000	63.750	65.000	64.000	63.750	63.875	63.875
2000.0	61.875	64.000	65.000	64.000	63.625	63.625	63.875
2500.0	61.875	64.000	65.000	64.000	64.000	63.625	63.875
3150.0	61.875	64.250	65.250	64.000	63.625	63.750	64.000
4000.0	61.875	64.250	65.250	64.500	63.500	63.750	64.000
5000.0	61.750	64.250	65.125	64.000	63.750	63.625	64.000
6300.0	61.750	64.125	65.125	64.000	63.750	63.875	64.375
8000.0	61.750	64.250	65.375	64.000	63.750	63.875	64.250
10000.0	61.750	64.000	66.000	64.000	64.000	63.875	64.250
12500.0	61.625	64.000	67.125	64.000	64.000	63.750	64.000
16000.0	61.625	64.3765	68.000	64.000	64.500	63.625	65.375

Table (A.5): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 0

 $P_{working}$:4.5 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.904 bar $T_{ambient}$:10.0° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	62.750	64.750	66.500	65.000	65.000	64.875	65.000
12.5	62.750	65.125	66.625	65.000	65.000	64.875	65.000
16.0	63.375	65.125	66.500	65.000	65.000	64.875	65.000
20.0	62.625	65.000	66.500	64.875	65.000	64.875	65.000
25.0	62.625	65.000	66.500	64.875	65.000	64.875	65.000
31.5	62.6250	65.500	66.500	65.000	65.000	64.875	65.000
40.0	62.625	65.000	66.500	65.000	65.000	64.875	65.000
50.0	62.625	65.250	66.500	65.000	65.000	64.875	65.000
63.0	62.750	65.375	66.375	65.000	65.000	64.875	64.875
80.0	62.750	65.375	66.375	65.125	65.000	64.875	64.875
100.0	62.500	65.375	66.250	64.875	65.000	64.875	64.875
125.0	62.375	65.375	66.625	64.875	65.000	64.875	64.875
160.0	63.750	65.375	66.000	65.000	65.000	64.875	64.875
200.0	62.750	65.500	66.375	65.000	65.000	64.875	64.875
250.0	62.250	65.500	66.375	65.000	65.000	64.875	64.875
315.0	62.500	65.500	66.375	64.875	65.000	64.875	64.875
400.0	62.250	65.500	66.375	64.875	65.000	64.875	64.875
500.0	62.625	65.500	66.375	65.000	65.000	64.875	64.875
630.0	62.500	65.500	66.375	64.875	65.000	64.875	65.000
800.0	62.500	65.500	66.375	64.750	65.000	64.875	64.875
1000.0	62.500	65.500	66.375	65.000	65.000	64.875	64.875
1250.0	62.500	65.500	66.375	65.000	65.000	64.875	64.375
1600.0	62.250	65.250	66.250	65.000	65.000	64.875	64.875
2000.0	62.125	65.375	66.250	64.875	65.000	64.875	64.875
2500.0	62.000	65.375	66.250	64.500	65.125	64.875	64.875
3150.0	62.000	65.500	66.250	64.500	65.125	64.875	64.875
4000.0	62.000	65.500	66.375	64.500	65.125	64.875	64.875
5000.0	62.000	65.375	66.375	64.500	65.125	64.875	64.875
6300.0	62.375	65.500	66.250	64.500	65.125	64.875	64.875
8000.0	62.500	65.500	66.250	64.500	65.000	64.875	64.875
10000.0	62.250	65.375	66.250	64.875	65.000	64.875	64.875
12500.0	62.750	65.375	66.250	64.875	65.000	64.875	64.875
16000.0	62.750	65.375	66.250	64.875	65.000	64.875	64.875

Table (A.7): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 1

$P_{working}$:3.0 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.897 bar $T_{ambient}$:15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	61.000	62.875	63.000	64.500	63.125	65.000	61.500
12.5	61.500	62.000	63.500	64.500	63.250	65.000	61.250
16.0	61.500	63.000	63.125	64.500	63.375	64.750	61.250
20.0	61.500	63.000	63.375	64.500	63.375	62.250	61.250
25.0	61.375	63.500	63.000	64.500	63.500	62.875	61.250
31.5	61.250	62.875	63.000	64.500	63.375	62.250	61.375
40.0	61.500	62.625	62.875	64.500	63.375	61.750	61.375
50.0	61.500	61.875	63.125	64.500	63.250	62.000	61.375
63.0	61.500	63.500	63.375	64.500	63.250	62.500	61.375
80.0	61.500	62.500	63.250	64.625	63.125	61.625	61.500
100.0	61.500	62.500	63.250	64.625	63.125	61.625	61.500
125.0	61.250	62.625	63.250	64.625	63.375	61.875	61.500
160.0	61.750	61.500	63.250	64.625	63.250	61.750	61.375
200.0	61.750	61.625	63.500	64.625	63.250	61.625	61.250
250.0	61.500	61.750	63.500	64.625	63.250	61.750	61.500
315.0	61.750	62.500	63.375	64.500	63.125	61.500	61.500
400.0	61.500	62.625	63.000	64.625	63.250	61.625	61.375
500.0	61.750	61.875	63.375	64.625	63.125	61.625	61.375
630.0	61.000	61.875	63.250	64.625	63.125	61.625	61.500
800.0	61.500	62.500	63.125	64.500	63.125	61.750	61.375
1000.0	61.375	61.750	62.875	64.500	63.125	62.250	61.375
1250.0	61.250	62.500	63.000	64.500	63.125	62.125	61.375
1600.0	61.125	61.500	63.000	64.500	63.125	62.000	61.250
2000.0	61.500	64.375	63.125	64.500	63.125	61.875	61.250
2500.0	61.000	61.750	63.125	64.625	63.000	61.875	61.250
3150.0	61.000	61.875	63.375	64.500	63.000	62.000	61.250
4000.0	61.125	61.500	63.500	64.500	63.125	61.750	61.250
5000.0	60.875	61.875	63.500	64.500	63.375	62.125	61.250
6300.0	61.125	62.625	63.375	64.500	63.125	62.250	61.250
8000.0	61.375	61.500	63.375	64.500	63.500	61.500	61.250
10000.0	61.125	62.500	63.500	64.375	63.500	61.750	61.250
12500.0	61.250	61.750	63.500	64.375	63.500	61.750	61.250
16000.0	61.125	61.125	63.125	64.750	63.125	61.750	61.250

Table (A.8): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 1

 $P_{working}$:3.5 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.897 bar $T_{ambient}$:15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	61.750	62.375	63.250	65.000	64.250	62.875	66.750
12.5	61.750	62.250	63.125	64.875	64.000	62.000	65.000
16.0	61.125	62.375	63.375	64.875	64.125	62.000	65.625
20.0	61.125	62.125	63.500	65.125	64.125	62.000	63.250
25.0	61.125	63.000	63.500	65.000	64.125	62.000	62.500
31.5	61.125	62.500	63.500	65.000	64.000	62.000	62.125
40.0	61.750	63.500	63.375	65.000	63.875	62.125	62.250
50.0	62.000	62.125	63.250	65.000	63.750	62.000	62.125
63.0	61.875	62.375	63.750	65.000	63.750	61.875	62.250
80.0	61.625	62.250	63.125	65.000	63.750	62.000	62.000
100.0	61.750	63.000	63.375	65.000	63.750	62.375	62.000
125.0	61.750	63.250	63.500	65.000	63.750	62.000	62.000
160.0	61.750	63.000	63.375	64.875	63.875	62.250	62.000
200.0	61.750	63.000	63.625	65.000	63.875	62.000	62.000
250.0	61.625	62.000	63.625	65.000	63.750	61.875	62.125
315.0	61.750	63.250	63.250	65.000	64.000	61.875	62.375
400.0	61.750	62.250	63.500	65.000	64.000	62.000	62.250
500.0	62.000	66.250	63.250	65.000	63.750	62.000	62.250
630.0	61.750	63.125	63.250	65.000	63.750	62.000	62.000
800.0	61.750	62.250	63.125	65.000	63.875	61.750	62.250
1000.0	61.750	63.250	63.125	65.000	63.875	61.750	62.250
1250.0	61.875	61.750	63.500	65.125	63.875	61.750	62.000
1600.0	62.000	62.750	63.375	65.000	63.875	61.750	62.125
2000.0	61.875	64.000	63.250	65.000	64.000	61.750	62.125
2500.0	61.875	62.250	63.625	65.000	64.000	61.750	62.125
3150.0	61.875	62.125	63.625	65.000	63.875	61.750	62.000
4000.0	61.875	62.125	63.750	65.000	63.750	61.750	62.250
5000.0	61.750	62.500	63.500	65.000	63.875	61.750	62.125
6300.0	61.750	62.000	63.500	65.000	63.750	61.750	62.000
8000.0	61.750	63.000	64.000	65.125	63.750	61.750	62.000
10000.0	61.750	62.875	63.250	65.000	63.625	61.750	62.000
12500.0	61.625	62.750	64.000	65.000	63.625	61.750	62.500
16000.0	61.625	63.125	63.375	65.000	63.750	61.875	62.250

Table (A.9): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 1

$P_{working}$: 4.0 bar $P_{ambient}$: 0.897 bar $T_{ambient}$: 15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	62.500	62.500	64.375	65.750	64.750	62.750	62.500
12.5	62.375	62.500	64.375	65.750	64.750	62.500	62.500
16.0	62.375	62.375	64.375	65.750	64.750	62.500	62.375
20.0	62.125	62.875	64.125	65.750	64.750	62.500	62.375
25.0	62.125	65.000	64.250	65.750	64.750	62.500	62.375
31.5	62.500	63.875	64.000	65.750	64.750	62.500	62.375
40.0	62.500	63.375	64.000	65.625	64.750	62.500	62.500
50.0	62.500	63.375	64.250	65.750	64.625	62.500	62.375
63.0	62.500	63.000	64.375	65.750	64.625	62.125	62.375
80.0	62.750	62.750	64.125	65.750	64.625	62.500	62.375
100.0	62.500	62.625	64.125	65.750	64.625	62.750	62.375
125.0	62.500	62.500	64.000	65.750	64.625	63.750	62.375
160.0	62.500	62.500	64.250	65.625	64.625	62.750	62.375
200.0	62.500	62.625	64.375	65.625	64.625	62.750	62.375
250.0	62.500	62.625	64.375	65.625	64.625	62.625	62.375
315.0	62.375	62.625	64.375	65.750	64.500	62.625	62.375
400.0	62.125	62.625	64.000	65.500	64.500	62.625	62.375
500.0	62.250	62.625	64.000	65.500	64.375	62.750	62.375
630.0	62.250	63.500	64.250	65.500	64.375	62.750	62.375
800.0	62.250	62.500	64.375	65.750	64.375	62.625	62.375
1000.0	62.250	62.625	64.250	65.625	64.375	62.625	62.500
1250.0	62.250	62.625	64.250	65.625	64.375	62.750	62.500
1600.0	62.500	62.625	64.000	65.625	64.375	62.750	62.500
2000.0	62.500	62.625	64.250	65.625	64.375	62.750	62.500
2500.0	62.500	62.500	64.250	65.625	64.375	62.750	62.375
3150.0	62.250	62.750	64.250	65.625	64.500	62.750	62.250
4000.0	62.250	63.000	64.375	65.625	64.375	62.875	62.625
5000.0	62.250	63.000	64.375	65.375	64.375	62.875	62.500
6300.0	62.125	64.250	64.375	65.500	64.375	63.125	62.625
8000.0	62.375	62.625	64.125	65.500	64.250	62.750	62.250
10000.0	62.375	62.750	64.125	65.625	64.375	62.750	62.625
12500.0	62.250	62.625	64.375	65.625	64.375	62.625	62.500
16000.0	62.725	63.125	64.375	65.625	64.375	62.725	62.500

Table (A.10): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 1

 $P_{working}$: 4.5 bar $P_{ambient}$: 0.897 bar $T_{ambient}$: 15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	62.750	63.375	64.750	66.375	65.000	63.875	62.875
12.5	62.750	63.375	64.500	66.375	65.000	65.500	62.875
16.0	62.375	63.375	64.500	66.250	65.000	64.000	62.875
20.0	62.625	63.375	64.125	66.250	65.000	64.000	62.875
25.0	62.625	63.375	64.500	66.250	65.000	64.500	62.875
31.5	62.625	63.375	64.500	66.250	64.625	63.750	63.000
40.0	62.625	63.250	64.500	66.250	64.625	63.500	63.000
50.0	62.625	63.500	64.250	66.375	64.375	63.500	63.000
63.0	62.750	63.500	64.250	66.375	64.500	63.750	63.375
80.0	62.750	63.250	64.500	66.375	64.625	64.250	63.000
100.0	62.500	63.250	64.750	66.375	64.375	63.875	63.250
125.0	62.375	63.375	65.000	66.250	64.375	63.500	63.125
160.0	63.750	63.375	64.750	66.375	64.375	63.375	63.000
200.0	62.750	63.250	64.750	66.375	64.500	63.250	63.000
250.0	62.250	63.250	64.750	66.250	64.625	63.375	63.000
315.0	62.500	63.375	64.750	66.375	64.625	63.250	62.875
400.0	62.250	63.375	64.875	66.375	64.500	63.250	63.000
500.0	62.250	63.375	64.500	66.375	64.625	63.250	63.000
630.0	62.500	63.375	64.250	66.500	64.500	63.375	63.000
800.0	62.500	63.750	64.750	66.250	64.500	63.375	63.000
1000.0	62.500	63.125	64.250	66.250	64.625	63.250	62.875
1250.0	62.375	63.250	64.375	66.250	64.750	63.250	62.875
1600.0	62.250	63.250	63.750	66.250	64.750	63.375	62.875
2000.0	62.125	63.250	63.750	66.250	64.500	63.250	62.750
2500.0	62.000	63.125	64.125	66.250	64.500	63.125	62.875
3150.0	62.000	63.250	64.500	66.250	64.500	63.125	62.875
4000.0	62.000	63.250	64.500	66.250	64.500	63.125	63.000
5000.0	62.000	63.250	64.500	66.250	64.500	63.125	63.000
6300.0	62.375	63.250	64.750	66.250	64.500	63.125	63.250
8000.0	62.500	63.250	64.750	66.250	64.500	63.250	63.000
10000.0	62.250	63.250	64.250	66.250	64.625	63.250	63.125
12500.0	62.750	63.125	64.250	66.250	64.625	63.250	62.875
16000.0	62.750	63.625	64.250	66.250	64.625	63.000	62.875

Table (A.11): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 2

 $P_{working}$: 2.5 bar $P_{ambient}$: 0.897 bar $T_{ambient}$: 15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	61.250	61.000	64.000	63.250	61.000	62.500	62.375
12.5	61.250	60.750	64.000	63.250	61.250	62.500	62.375
16.0	61.250	61.250	64.000	63.250	60.875	62.250	62.375
20.0	60.875	60.875	64.000	63.250	61.000	62.875	62.375
25.0	61.625	60.750	64.000	63.250	61.500	62.625	62.375
31.5	60.750	61.375	64.000	63.250	62.125	62.500	62.375
40.0	61.250	60.875	64.000	63.125	61.500	62.500	62.375
50.0	60.750	60.875	64.000	63.125	60.875	62.500	62.375
63.0	60.875	60.875	64.000	63.125	61.125	62.750	62.375
80.0	61.750	61.125	64.000	63.125	61.125	62.500	62.375
100.0	60.625	61.250	64.000	63.125	61.125	62.500	62.375
125.0	60.750	60.875	64.000	63.125	60.875	62.500	62.375
160.0	60.500	60.875	64.000	63.125	61.500	62.250	62.375
200.0	60.625	61.000	64.000	63.125	60.875	62.375	62.375
250.0	60.625	61.000	64.000	63.125	61.500	62.375	62.375
315.0	60.500	60.750	64.000	63.125	61.000	62.375	62.375
400.0	60.625	60.875	64.000	63.125	61.000	62.625	62.375
500.0	60.750	61.000	64.000	63.000	60.875	62.250	62.375
630.0	60.500	61.000	64.000	63.000	61.000	62.250	62.375
800.0	60.500	60.750	64.000	63.000	61.000	62.500	62.250
1000.0	60.625	60.750	64.000	63.000	61.000	62.375	62.250
1250.0	61.750	61.000	64.000	63.000	61.000	62.750	62.250
1600.0	62.000	60.875	64.000	63.250	60.750	62.500	62.250
2000.0	62.000	60.875	64.000	63.250	61.000	62.500	62.250
2500.0	63.500	61.000	64.000	63.350	60.750	62.250	62.375
3150.0	61.375	60.875	64.000	63.250	60.750	62.250	62.375
4000.0	61.750	61.000	64.000	63.875	61.250	62.250	62.250
5000.0	61.375	60.625	64.000	63.250	61.625	62.375	62.250
6300.0	61.500	60.750	64.000	63.125	62.000	62.375	62.250
8000.0	61.625	60.875	64.000	63.125	61.500	62.250	62.250
10000.0	61.500	60.875	64.000	63.125	60.750	62.500	62.250
12500.0	61.625	61.125	64.000	63.125	61.125	62.500	62.250
16000.0	61.750	61.000	64.000	63.125	61.125	62.250	62.250

Table (A.12): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 2

$P_{working}$:3.0 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.897 bar $T_{ambient}$:15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	61.000	62.125	65.000	64.250	61.750	63.375	64.750
12.5	61.500	64.500	65.000	64.250	61.750	63.375	63.500
16.0	61.500	63.250	65.000	64.250	61.875	63.250	63.500
20.0	61.500	62.375	65.000	64.250	61.625	63.250	63.500
25.0	61.375	62.000	65.000	64.250	61.625	63.250	63.500
31.5	61.250	62.000	65.000	64.250	61.750	63.500	63.500
40.0	61.500	61.750	65.000	64.250	61.625	63.250	63.500
50.0	61.500	61.750	65.000	64.250	61.625	63.250	63.500
63.0	61.500	61.875	65.000	64.250	61.750	63.250	63.375
80.0	61.500	61.875	65.000	64.125	61.750	63.500	63.250
100.0	61.250	61.875	65.000	64.125	61.750	63.250	63.250
125.0	61.500	61.750	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.250	63.125
160.0	61.750	61.625	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.125	63.250
200.0	61.750	61.750	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.125	63.250
250.0	61.500	61.750	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.125	63.250
315.0	61.750	61.750	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.125	63.250
400.0	61.500	61.750	65.000	64.125	61.125	63.125	63.250
500.0	61.750	61.750	65.000	64.125	62.000	63.125	63.250
630.0	61.000	62.750	65.000	64.125	61.875	63.125	63.250
800.0	61.500	62.500	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.125	63.250
1000.0	61.375	62.000	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.250	63.250
1250.0	61.250	62.000	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.250	63.250
1600.0	61.125	63.500	65.000	64.125	61.750	63.125	63.125
2000.0	61.500	64.875	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.250	63.125
2500.0	61.000	62.750	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.250	63.125
3150.0	61.000	62.000	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.250	63.125
4000.0	61.125	62.125	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.250	63.125
5000.0	60.875	62.375	65.000	64.125	61.500	63.250	63.125
6300.0	61.125	62.250	65.000	64.125	61.500	63.250	63.125
8000.0	61.375	62.000	65.000	64.125	61.500	63.375	63.125
10000.0	61.125	63.500	65.000	64.125	61.500	63.375	63.250
12500.0	61.250	62.125	65.000	64.125	61.625	63.250	63.250
16000.0	61.125	61.875	65.000	64.125	61.500	63.500	63.250

Table (A.13): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 2

$P_{working}$:3.5 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.897 $T_{ambient}$:15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	61.750	62.625	65.875	65.000	62.375	63.875	64.000
12.5	61.750	62.750	65.750	65.500	62.500	63.875	63.875
16.0	61.125	63.125	65.750	65.000	62.500	63.875	64.000
20.0	61.125	62.500	65.750	65.000	62.375	63.875	63.875
25.0	61.125	62.500	65.750	65.000	62.375	63.875	64.000
31.5	61.125	62.500	65.750	65.000	62.375	63.875	64.000
40.0	61.750	62.625	65.625	65.000	62.375	63.750	64.000
50.0	62.000	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	64.000
63.0	61.875	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.375	63.750	64.125
80.0	61.625	62.625	65.625	64.875	62.375	63.750	64.000
100.0	61.750	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.375	63.750	63.875
125.0	61.750	62.375	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	64.000
160.0	61.750	62.375	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	63.875
200.0	61.750	62.750	65.625	64.875	62.625	63.750	63.875
250.0	61.625	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.375	63.750	63.875
315.0	61.750	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	64.000
400.0	61.750	62.625	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	64.000
500.0	62.000	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.375	63.750	63.875
630.0	61.750	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	64.000
800.0	61.750	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	64.000
1000.0	61.750	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.875	63.875
1250.0	61.875	62.875	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.875	63.875
1600.0	62.000	62.750	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.875	64.000
2000.0	61.875	62.625	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	63.875
2500.0	61.875	62.625	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	63.875
3150.0	61.875	62.625	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	63.875
4000.0	61.875	62.875	65.625	64.875	62.500	63.750	63.875
5000.0	61.750	62.625	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	63.875
6300.0	61.750	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	63.750
8000.0	61.750	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	63.625
10000.0	61.750	62.500	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	63.875
12500.0	61.625	62.625	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	63.750
16000.0	61.625	62.875	65.625	64.875	62.250	63.750	64.000

Table (A.14): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 2

$P_{working}$:4.0 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.897 bar $T_{ambient}$:15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	62.500	63.250	66.375	65.750	62.875	64.500	64.250
12.5	62.375	63.375	66.375	65.750	62.875	64.500	64.125
16.0	62.375	63.000	66.375	65.750	62.875	64.500	64.000
20.0	62.125	64.125	66.375	65.750	62.875	64.500	64.000
25.0	62.125	63.500	66.375	65.750	62.875	64.500	64.000
31.5	62.500	63.000	66.375	65.750	62.875	64.500	64.000
40.0	62.500	63.375	66.375	65.750	62.875	64.500	64.000
50.0	62.500	63.125	66.375	65.750	62.875	64.500	64.000
63.0	62.500	63.250	66.375	65.625	62.875	64.500	64.000
80.0	62.750	63.000	66.250	65.625	62.750	64.500	64.000
100.0	62.500	63.375	66.250	65.625	62.750	64.500	64.000
125.0	62.500	63.125	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.500	64.000
160.0	62.500	63.125	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.500	64.250
200.0	62.500	63.125	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.500	64.000
250.0	62.500	63.250	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.500	64.000
315.0	62.375	63.125	66.250	65.625	63.125	64.500	64.000
400.0	62.125	63.625	66.250	65.625	63.000	64.500	63.875
500.0	62.250	63.125	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.500	63.875
630.0	62.250	63.125	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.500	63.875
800.0	62.250	63.125	66.250	65.625	63.000	64.375	63.875
1000.0	62.250	64.000	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.375	63.875
1250.0	62.250	63.250	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.375	63.875
1600.0	62.500	63.125	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.375	63.875
2000.0	62.500	63.000	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.375	63.875
2500.0	62.500	63.750	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.500	63.875
3150.0	62.500	63.000	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.500	63.875
4000.0	62.500	63.250	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.500	63.875
5000.0	62.500	63.375	66.250	65.625	62.875	64.500	63.875
6300.0	62.125	63.750	66.250	65.500	62.750	64.500	63.875
8000.0	62.375	63.125	66.250	65.500	62.750	64.500	63.875
10000.0	62.375	63.250	66.250	65.500	62.750	64.500	63.875
12500.0	62.250	63.500	66.250	65.500	62.750	64.500	63.875
16000.0	62.750	64.250	66.250	65.500	62.625	64.500	63.750

Table (A.15): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 2

 $P_{working}$:4.5 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.897 bar $T_{ambient}$:15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	62.750	63.750	66.750	66.250	63.500	65.000	65.000
12.5	62.750	63.750	66.750	66.250	63.500	65.000	65.000
16.0	62.375	63.625	66.750	66.250	63.500	65.000	65.000
20.0	62.625	63.625	66.750	66.250	63.500	65.000	65.000
25.0	62.625	63.625	66.750	66.250	63.375	65.000	65.000
31.5	62.625	63.625	66.750	66.250	63.375	65.000	65.000
40.0	62.625	63.625	66.750	66.250	63.375	65.000	65.000
50.0	62.625	63.625	66.750	66.250	63.375	64.875	65.000
63.0	62.750	63.625	66.750	66.250	63.375	65.000	65.000
80.0	62.750	63.625	66.750	66.250	63.375	65.000	65.000
100.0	62.500	63.750	66.750	66.250	63.375	64.875	64.875
125.0	62.375	63.500	66.750	66.250	63.375	64.875	64.875
160.0	63.750	63.500	66.750	66.250	63.375	64.875	64.875
200.0	62.750	63.500	66.750	66.250	63.375	64.875	64.875
250.0	62.250	63.625	66.750	66.250	63.375	64.875	64.875
315.0	62.500	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
400.0	62.250	63.500	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
500.0	62.625	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
630.0	62.500	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
800.0	62.500	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
1000.0	62.500	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
1250.0	62.375	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
1600.0	62.250	63.750	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
2000.0	62.125	63.750	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
2500.0	62.000	63.750	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
3150.0	62.000	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
4000.0	62.500	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
5000.0	62.500	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.500	64.875	64.875
6300.0	62.375	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
8000.0	62.500	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875
10000.0	62.250	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.500	64.875	64.875
12500.0	62.750	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.500	64.875	64.875
16000.0	62.750	63.625	66.750	66.125	63.375	64.875	64.875

Table (A.10): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 3

 $P_{working}$:2.5 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.897 bar $T_{ambient}$:15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	61.250	60.375	61.750	60.625	61.375	61.000	60.250
12.5	61.250	60.500	61.375	60.750	61.500	61.000	60.125
16.0	61.250	60.375	61.375	60.750	61.250	61.000	60.125
20.0	60.875	60.875	61.375	60.625	61.000	61.125	60.000
25.0	61.625	60.625	61.375	60.625	61.125	61.000	59.875
31.5	60.750	60.500	61.750	60.625	61.250	60.875	60.000
40.0	61.250	60.250	61.625	60.625	61.125	61.000	60.000
50.0	60.750	60.625	61.750	60.625	61.250	61.000	59.875
63.0	60.875	60.500	61.2500	60.625	61.250	61.125	59.875
80.0	61.750	61.125	61.375	60.750	61.125	61.250	59.625
100.0	60.625	61.500	61.250	60.750	61.250	61.500	60.000
125.0	60.750	60.375	61.750	60.750	61.625	61.250	60.000
160.0	60.500	61.000	61.500	60.625	61.750	61.000	59.875
200.0	60.625	60.750	61.625	61.125	62.000	61.000	59.875
250.0	60.625	60.375	61.625	60.625	61.500	60.875	59.875
315.0	60.500	60.000	61.500	60.625	61.250	61.000	59.750
400.0	60.625	60.000	61.625	60.625	61.375	61.000	59.875
500.0	60.750	60.375	60.750	60.625	61.375	61.250	59.875
630.0	60.500	61.500	61.000	60.625	61.375	61.000	59.625
800.0	60.500	60.875	61.250	60.625	61.750	61.000	59.625
1000.0	60.625	61.250	61.000	60.625	61.500	61.500	59.750
1250.0	61.750	60.375	60.750	60.625	61.375	61.000	59.750
1600.0	62.000	60.250	60.625	60.750	61.500	60.875	60.000
2000.0	62.000	60.625	60.625	60.750	61.625	61.000	59.500
2500.0	63.500	60.000	60.750	61.000	61.250	60.875	59.750
3150.0	61.375	60.250	60.875	61.500	61.375	61.250	59.875
4000.0	61.750	60.125	60.875	60.500	61.250	62.750	59.750
5000.0	61.375	60.125	60.875	60.625	61.250	61.500	59.750
6300.0	61.500	60.250	60.875	60.625	61.125	61.000	59.875
8000.0	61.625	60.250	60.875	61.500	61.250	61.000	59.625
10000.0	61.500	60.125	60.875	61.250	61.125	60.750	59.500
12500.0	61.625	60.000	60.875	60.750	61.125	60.875	59.750
16000.0	61.750	60.250	60.875	60.750	61.250	61.000	59.625

Table (A.17): Single Jet Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 3

$P_{working}$:3.0 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.897 bar $T_{ambient}$:15.5° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	61.000	61.500	62.000	61.625	61.750	61.500	60.500
12.5	61.500	61.250	62.125	62.375	61.750	61.375	60.500
16.0	61.500	61.000	61.875	61.875	61.750	61.500	60.625
20.0	61.500	61.625	61.750	61.625	61.750	61.625	60.625
25.0	61.375	63.250	61.875	61.625	61.750	61.500	60.625
31.5	61.250	61.250	61.875	61.625	62.000	61.250	60.500
40.0	61.500	61.125	62.125	61.625	61.875	61.500	60.500
50.0	61.500	61.750	62.000	61.500	61.750	61.250	60.500
63.0	61.500	61.375	63.500	61.500	61.750	61.250	60.500
80.0	61.500	60.875	61.750	61.625	61.750	61.375	60.500
100.0	61.250	61.125	64.000	61.500	61.750	61.375	60.500
125.0	61.500	61.125	62.000	61.500	61.875	61.375	60.500
160.0	61.750	60.875	62.000	61.500	61.875	61.375	60.625
200.0	61.750	61.000	62.000	61.500	61.750	61.375	60.625
250.0	61.500	61.000	61.875	61.500	61.875	61.250	60.500
315.0	61.750	60.750	61.750	61.500	61.625	61.250	60.500
400.0	61.500	61.125	61.750	61.375	61.750	61.250	60.500
500.0	61.750	61.250	61.750	61.375	62.000	61.250	60.500
630.0	61.000	61.250	62.000	61.375	61.625	61.250	60.500
800.0	61.500	63.625	61.750	61.375	61.750	61.375	60.500
1000.0	61.375	62.000	61.625	61.375	61.750	61.375	60.500
1250.0	61.250	61.000	61.750	61.375	61.750	61.500	60.500
1600.0	61.125	60.875	62.000	61.500	61.750	61.625	60.500
2000.0	61.500	60.750	61.875	61.750	61.750	61.500	60.500
2500.0	61.000	60.750	61.625	61.625	61.750	61.625	60.500
3150.0	61.000	61.875	61.750	62.625	61.750	61.375	60.500
4000.0	61.125	61.000	61.750	65.000	61.750	61.500	60.500
5000.0	60.875	61.000	61.750	62.375	61.750	61.500	60.500
6300.0	61.125	60.875	62.000	61.750	61.625	61.750	60.500
8000.0	61.375	60.875	61.875	61.500	61.750	61.500	60.500
10000.0	61.125	60.750	61.750	61.750	61.750	61.500	60.500
12500.0	61.250	61.250	61.750	61.500	61.750	61.500	60.500
16000.0	61.125	60.875	61.625	62.250	61.750	61.500	60.500

Table (A.23): Four Jets Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 0

$P_{working}$:3.5 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.902 bar $T_{ambient}$:16.0° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	79.375	66.000	67.875	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.875
12.5	72.000	65.875	67.875	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.875
16.0	75.000	65.500	67.875	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.875
20.0	71.250	66.000	67.875	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.875
25.0	71.500	65.875	67.875	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.875
31.5	78.250	65.625	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
40.0	73.375	65.625	67.875	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
50.0	75.125	65.500	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
63.0	70.750	65.500	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
80.0	73.250	65.875	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
100.0	75.000	65.875	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
125.0	75.875	65.375	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
160.0	73.875	65.625	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
200.0	70.875	65.750	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
250.0	73.375	66.250	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
315.0	72.750	65.500	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
400.0	74.500	65.625	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
500.0	75.250	65.625	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
630.0	74.000	65.750	67.750	67.625	67.375	66.375	67.750
800.0	75.625	65.750	67.500	67.500	67.375	66.375	67.750
1000.0	72.125	66.500	67.625	67.500	67.375	66.375	67.750
1250.0	74.625	65.750	67.625	67.500	67.375	66.375	67.750
1600.0	76.000	65.625	67.625	67.500	67.375	66.375	67.625
2000.0	77.000	65.750	67.500	67.500	67.375	66.375	67.625
2500.0	73.000	65.625	67.500	67.500	67.375	66.375	67.625
3150.0	75.750	65.875	67.500	67.500	67.375	66.375	67.625
4000.0	71.500	65.625	67.500	67.500	67.375	66.375	67.625
5000.0	77.000	65.500	67.500	67.500	67.250	66.375	67.625
6300.0	71.750	65.625	67.500	67.500	67.250	66.375	67.625
8000.0	72.625	65.750	67.500	67.500	67.250	66.375	67.625
10000.0	73.875	65.500	67.375	67.500	67.250	66.250	67.625
12500.0	72.750	65.500	67.375	67.500	67.250	66.250	67.625
16000.0	73.500	65.250	67.375	67.375	67.250	66.250	67.625

Table (A.25): Four Jets Spectral SPL in (dB) for Station 0

 $P_{working}$:4.5 bar $P_{ambient}$:0.902 bar $T_{ambient}$:16.0° C

Frequency(Hz)	Angle to jet axis (deg)						
	0	15	30	45	60	75	90
10.0	75.625	67.250	69.125	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
12.5	77.000	66.750	69.000	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
16.0	75.750	67.125	69.000	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
20.0	74.500	67.250	69.000	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
25.0	77.000	67.250	69.125	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
31.5	75.500	66.875	69.000	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
40.0	77.500	66.875	69.000	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
50.0	76.750	66.875	69.000	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
63.0	73.000	67.000	69.000	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
80.0	75.375	66.750	69.000	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
100.0	76.500	66.875	69.000	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
125.0	75.500	66.875	69.000	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
160.0	73.250	66.750	69.000	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.875
200.0	76.250	66.875	68.875	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.875
250.0	75.000	66.625	69.125	68.875	68.500	67.500	68.875
315.0	76.000	67.125	68.875	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.875
400.0	77.500	67.000	68.875	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.875
500.0	77.625	66.500	68.875	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.875
630.0	73.750	66.875	68.875	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.875
800.0	71.500	66.250	68.875	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.875
1000.0	76.000	66.375	68.875	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.875
1250.0	77.000	66.750	68.875	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.750
1600.0	74.165	66.375	68.875	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.750
2000.0	75.250	66.625	68.750	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.750
2500.0	76.250	67.250	68.625	68.750	68.500	67.500	68.750
3150.0	74.500	67.000	68.750	68.750	68.375	67.500	68.750
4000.0	75.125	66.250	68.750	68.750	68.375	67.500	68.750
5000.0	78.000	66.500	68.750	68.750	68.375	67.500	68.750
6300.0	75.875	66.500	68.750	68.625	68.375	67.500	68.750
8000.0	77.000	66.250	68.625	68.625	68.375	67.375	68.750
10000.0	76.000	66.625	68.625	68.625	68.375	67.375	68.750
12500.0	73.500	66.500	68.625	68.625	68.375	67.375	68.750
16000.0	72.000	66.750	68.625	68.625	68.375	67.375	68.750

ملخص البحث
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يتناول هذا البحث الضوضاء المنبعثة من نافثة واحدة واربعة نافثات حرة صغيرة، تستخدم كحارقات في بعض المخابز المحلية، ويساوي قطر حلق كل منها ا ملم، عند قيم ضغط مختلفة من ٢,٥ ضغط جوي وحتى ٤,٥ ضغط جوي، بخطوة مقدارها ٥,٥ ضغط جوي. بينت النتائج ان مستوى ضغط الصوت الاقصى لنافثة واحدة يقع على زاوية مقدارها ٣٦ درجة من محور النافثة، كما اكدت نتائج دراسة النافثات الاربعة الاخرى تلك الملاحظة باستثناء المنطقة الواقعة على محور النافثات الاربعة. وانسجمت متجهية مستويات ضغوط الصوت الاجمالية لنافثة واحدة واربعة نافثات على التوالي مع تلك النتائج.

النتائج المستخلصة من التجارب لمستويات الطاقة الصوتية، بينت ان مستوى الطاقة الصوتية المنبعثة منها لا يعتمد على تردد الصوت الصادر من النافثات في المجال الذي قيمت فيه تلك الطاقة، وان ارتباط مستوى الطاقة الصوتية الاجمالي في حالة السريان المخنوق، الذي تتساوى فيه سرعة الهواء عند الحلق مع سرعة الصوت، يتبع الاس الرابع لتلك السرعة.

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